
District Tournament Games Won
Central .......... 146-47 Portland Chr.
Central .......... 69-41 Ahrens
Central .......... 68-57 Shawnee

Regional Tournament Games Won
Central .......... 101-46 Valley
Central .......... 88-64 Southern
Central .......... 57-53 Thomas Jefferson

Official Organ of the
KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION
April, 1969
OHIO COUNTY—RUNNER-UP
1969 STATE BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT


MAYTOWN—SEMI-FINALIST
1969 STATE BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT

(Left to Right) Front Row: Keith Frasure, mascot. Second Row: Coach Gene Frasure, Keith Hicks, David Gibson, Randy Click, Jackie Halbert, Tom Stewart, Edwin Stewart. Third Row: Billy Joe Caudill, Jerry Dean Hicks, Jim Stewart, Rodney Hicks, Patrick Tallent, Jeff Stewart, Mike Bailey, Greg Halbert, William Allen.
1969 Annual Meeting

This issue of the ATHLETE went to press just prior to the time of the annual meeting of the Association. The business meeting of the K.H.S.A.A. was scheduled to be held on Thursday, April 10, at 2:30 p.m., in the Crystal Ballroom of the Brown Hotel, Louisville. The dinner meeting was to follow at 5:00 p.m., and was to be held at the same place. Ath. Dir. Harry Lancaster of the University of Kentucky was scheduled to be the principal speaker at the dinner meeting.

As provided in Article IX, Section 1, of the K.H.S.A.A. Constitution, the following changes in the Constitution and By-Laws were to be acted upon by the Delegate Assembly:

Proposal I

The Board of Control proposes that the following paragraph be added to By-Law 36: "The Kentucky School for the Blind, in competition with similar schools in other states, may compete under the eligibility rules of the North Central Association of Schools for the Blind."

Proposal II

The Board of Control proposes that By-Law 7-2 be amended to read as follows: "Any student using insulting language to another player or to an official in any interscholastic contest or who has been ruled out of such a contest because of foul tactics, shall be disqualified from athletic competition until reinstated by the Commissioner. The name of the player shall be reported immediately to the Commissioner by the principal of the school which that player attends. When an official disqualifies a player, he shall report the disqualification to this principal or his representative. If the Commissioner finds upon investigation that the offense was sufficiently serious, the offender shall be permanently disqualified."

Proposal III

The Board of Control proposes that By-Law 1-7-a be amended to read as follows: "If any school plays an ineligible player, when the facts were available and could have been known upon such investigation as a principal is expected to make in the case of each of his players, that school shall be suspended from the Association or otherwise penalized."

Proposal IV

The Board of Control proposes to amend the last sentence of By-Law 8 by omitting "softball" and "bowling," and adding "gymnastics," "wrestling," and "rifle marksmanship."

Proposal V

The Board of Control proposes that the second paragraph of By-Law 29-3 be amended to read as follows: "The head coach in football, basketball and baseball shall attend one clinic in the sport involved."

Proposal VI

The Board of Control proposes that the last clause of By-Law 29-4-b be amended by adding "or six baseball"; and that the last sentence of By-Law 29-4-c be amended by adding "and/or twelve first team high school baseball games."

(Continued on Page Eight)
Minutes of Board Meeting

The Board of Control of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association met at the Kentucky Hotel, Louisville, on Thursday morning, March 27, 1969. The meeting was called to order by President Preston Holland at 9:00, with all Board members and Commissioner Theo. A. Sanford present. The invocation was given by James T. Dotson.

Ralph C. Dorsey moved, seconded by W. H. Crowds, that the reading of the minutes of the January 25th meeting be waived since the members of the Board had received copies of these minutes. The motion was carried unanimously.

The Commissioner reported the results of the recent balloting for Board membership for Sections 1 and 6. The balloting in Section 1 was as follows: Robert G. Fizer, 21; Fred Clayton, 20. Tom Mills, who was unopposed for election in Section 6, received 44 votes.

The Commissioner recommended the following changes in the K.H.S.A.A. Track Rules:

Add a second paragraph to Regional Track Rule XIII, to read as follows: "If there is a tie in a track event, the medals shall be awarded by lot."

Add a second paragraph to State Track Rule XI, to read as follows: "Tied competitors in a state event shall be awarded duplicate medals."

W. H. Crowds, moved, seconded by Don Davis, that the changes in the track rules recommended by the Commissioner be accepted and made a part of the track regulations. The motion was carried unanimously.

Don R. Rawlings moved, seconded by Foster J. Sanders, that Basketball Tournament Rule VI-A-3 be amended by substituting "seventy-five dollars for fifty dollars." The motion was carried unanimously.

Don Davis moved, seconded by Foster J. Sanders, that the third paragraph of Basketball Tournament Rule V-A be deleted. The motion failed to carry, the affirmative vote being 3, the negative vote 4.

A second session of the meeting began at 9:00 A.M. Friday, March 28.

Chairman Don Davis of the Football Playoffs Committee made a report for his committee. He submitted the following recommendations for changes in the K.H.S.A.A. Football Rules:

Substitute the following for Football Rule II-B: "To qualify for a district championship, a team shall play a minimum of four games in its class within the district. If the principal is unable to schedule the minimum of four games within the district, the Board of Control shall determine by lot the out-of-district game or games to be counted, to bring the total up to four; first, games within the class, then other games played with Kentucky teams."

Substitute the following for Football Rule II-C: "The championship of a district, or a region if there are no districts, will be determined by the Dickinson Rating System, as adopted by the Board of Control. A minimum of four games will be counted. If two teams tie for the championship, there will be a playoff game on a date set by the Board of Control. If more than two teams tie, the two teams which will play to break the tie will be determined by the following plan: Each team will receive one point for each game won by a defeated opponent and one-half point for each game tied by a defeated opponent. If a tie results after a team's highest points for any four games have been counted, an additional game will be counted until the tie is broken. Only games played with Kentucky teams shall be counted. If a tie still results, it shall be broken by the Board of Control."

Don Davis moved, seconded by James T. Dotson.
Track Questions

These interpretations of the 1965 National Alliance Track and Field Rules do not set aside nor modify any rule. The rulings are made and published by the National Federation of State High School Athletic Associations in response to situations submitted by Clifford B. Foxon.

1. Situation: Is a runner disqualified if he jostles an opponent?

Ruling: Yes. To jostle means to run against or elbow, such as the crowding or bumping together which hampers or impedes a runner. Whenever a runner is hampered or impeded, the offender is to be disqualified.

2. Situation: Team A appears for an invitational meet with individual participants in varied uniforms: (a) High jumper Al has slit the outside seam of his track pants 6 to 8 inches above the lower hem for more leg freedom; (b) A2 reports to the discus ring without a shirt; (c) A3 is wearing a T-shirt under a sleeveless track shirt; and (d) A4 reports to the starting line for the 100 yard dash without shoes.

Ruling: The track uniforms in (a) and (b) are not in accordance with the rule. A1 and A2 may not participate until uniform corrections have been made. The uniform worn by A3 is legal. A4 may compete without shoes. Shoes are recommended but not required.

3. Situation: Are any implements constructed of (a) plastic, or (b) rubber used.

Ruling: Disci constructed entirely of rubber, or entirely or plastic are legal provided they conform with all specifications for weight, size and shape. Rubber disci produced by two manufacturers examined recently have failed to meet specifications outlined in the rule. Coaches and officials are urged to carefully check all implements for legality before using them in competition.

4. Situation: In order to get a better grip on the javelin, Al bas: (a) placed tape over the binding so that it forms a series or ridges; or (b) wraps several layers of tape over the center of the binding building a ridge.

Ruling: Illegal in both (a) and (b). Wrapping the whole binding with tape is prohibited.

5. Situation: In a multiple school meet, it was previously agreed that individual participants in the shot put may use implements of their own choosing provided they meet specifications. The choices varied as follows: (a) Al an iron shot; (b) A2 a brass shot; (c) CI a plastic shot filled with lead pellets; and (d) D1 and iron shot the size of a 16-pound implement but drilled to weigh only 12 pounds.

Ruling: The implements chosen in (a), (b) and (c) are legal. In (d) the shot may not be used even though it is the proper weight. The shot shall have a smooth surface, and the implement with holes drilled in it does not conform.

6. Situation: For the 220 run around one curve, the meet management has placed one anemometer in the infield perpendicular to the straightaways and the other near the inner edge of the track parallel to the straightaway.

Ruling: For races run around one curve, one anemometer is to be placed on the field near the center of the curve track and the other placed adjacent to the straightaway on which the race is to finish. This placement will insure the measurement of any wind which would aid the runners.

7. Situation: The host school has recently installed all-weather track. The Games Committee and meet director have notified schools that the maximum length spikes which may be used is one-fourth inch long. B1 reports to the starting line wearing shoes which have (a) fixed spikes one-half inch long; or (b) several rows of "brush" spikes one-fourth inch long.

Ruling: In (a), B1 will not be permitted to compete unless he changes to shoes which comply with the standards established by the meet management. In (b), the described shoe is legal. Because all-weather track surfaces vary based upon materials used, the local Games Committee is authorized to establish the maximum length of spikes to be used on a particular all-weather track and runway.

8. Situation: When does a contestant officially become a participant?

Ruling: A contestant officially becomes a participant when he, or a relay team of which he is a member, reports to the clerk of course or when he reports to the judge of a field event which he has entered.

9. Situation: Does an inspector have the authority to disqualify a runner for committing a rules infraction?

Ruling: No. The inspector will report directly to the head inspector who will, in turn, report to the referee when there is any infraction or irregularity during a race. The inspector who observes the infraction or irregularity, such as jostling or stepping on or over the left line of a runner's lane, or committing infractions of the hurdle or relay races, shall signal by waving a red flag over his head. At the completion of the race, the inspector is required to immediately report the infraction to the head inspector, who will then report to the referee. The referee will render the necessary decision.

10. Situation: During the meet the referee assigns lanes to contestants in the final heat for the 440 yard dash to be run around two curves.

Ruling: Unless announced in advance of the meet, contestants who qualify for the final heat of races run around one or more curves are permitted to draw for select lanes.

11. Situation: In the 180 yard low hurdles, Al finishes first but is disqualified. B1, who finishes second, was very close behind. A1 finished the race with a time better than the existing record. Is it possible that B1 could be given credit for a new record?

Ruling: Yes. This may be done provided the time of B1 was recorded on at least three watches to qualify for a record. If the timers were timing only the winner of the race, B1 cannot establish a new mark.


Ruling: The current inspectors will report the infractions to the head inspector who, in turn, will report to the referee. The referee will consider the evidence and render his decision. It is possible both men will be disqualified.

13. Situation: In the 100 yard dash, Al and B1 are both timed in 9.9, and Al is declared the winner. This time breaks the existing state record.

Ruling: Only Al, the winner, is credited with the record. In running events only the winner is recognized even though other place-finishers are recorded with identical times.

14. Situation: During the warm-up period prior to competition in the long jump: (a) Al marks his check points on an all-weather runway with spray paint; or (b) B1 places painted tongue depressors at the side of the runway; or (c) CI places a small flag at the side of the pit 24 feet from the scratch line.

Ruling: It is illegal to place any mark or marker on the runway or in the pit for use during the long or triple jump. The marks in (a) are illegal. In (b) and (c) the properly placed markers are permitted.

15. Situation: At the completion of the shot put, the assistant judges measure the marks with a: (a) fiber glass tape; (b) nylon tape; (c) steel tape; or (d) linen tape.
Ruling: Legal in (a), (b) and (c), but illegal in (d). Measurements in the field events may be made with any non-stretchable tape, such as fiber glass, nylon or stiff rubber. Each legal jump in both the running long jump and triple jump shall be measured perpendicularly to the scratch line or its extension and from that point on the ground in the pit touched by the person or apparel of the jumper which is nearest the scratch line or its extension. The judges will hold the tape so that the reading will be made at the take-off board or the scratch line extended so the contestant will immediately know the result of his effort.

16. Situation: During the long jump or triple jump, A1 completes a legal jump. What is the proper procedure for measuring this effort? Each legal jump in both the running long jump and triple jump shall be measured perpendicularly to the scratch line or its extension and from that point on the ground in the pit touched by the person or apparel of the jumper which is nearest the scratch line or its extension. The judges will hold the tape so that the reading will be made at the take-off board or the scratch line extended so the contestant will immediately know the result of his effort.

17. Situation: Teammates A1 and A2 are well in advance of the rest of the competitors and are near the finish line in the 880 yard run. A1 is ahead of A2, and begins to slow down to try to share first place with his teammate, reaches back and grasps the arm of A2. As he pulls him forward, A2 loses his balance causing both runners to fall and roll across the finish line.

Ruling: Both runners are disqualified. A1 because he helped his teammate and A2 because he was helped by a teammate.

Comment: Locking of arms or grasping a teammate in finishing a race usually provides assistance, therefore, it would be unusual when interlocking would not disqualify the competitors. If teammates grasp one another, this would imply that aid was being given and would require the disqualification of each. Track and field consists of individual competition, and competitors are to be judged on their individual performances.

18. Situation: With the crossbar at a height of 13’, vaulter A1 cleared the bar, but his released pole fell forward into the bar and bounced along it to the standard and then fell to the ground. The crossbar remained in place on pins which had been wrapped with adhesive tape. The fallen pole did not touch the ground beyond the plane of the stopboard.

Ruling: Unsuccessful trial. When a contestant clears the bar and his pole falls forward and rests against the bar and upright standard, the trial is unsuccessful.

19. Situation: At the start line: (a) A1 has his feet placed close to the top of the starting blocks; (b) B1 does not use blocks but is in a semi-crouched position; or (c) C1 uses a new type of starting equipment which has starting blocks and hand holds so that it is unnecessary for him to place his hands on the track.  

Ruling: In (a), runners are required to place their feet on the starting blocks so they are in contact with the ground. The starting position in (b) is legal. In (c), the equipment is illegal because hand and/or body supports are prohibited.

20. Situation: In a relay, runners have been told they must remain in their lanes for the entire course. A4 is in lane 1, and in coming around the last curve, he swings wide and runs into lane 2 for two or three strides before coming back into lane 1 and: (a) no runners are near enough to be handicapped by this movement; or (b) B4 and C4 are forced to break stride and veer to the outside.

Ruling: The referee has granted some discretion concerning the disqualification of Team A in (a), and it is doubtful that he would disqualify them. However, in (b), Team A should be disqualified since there is question to A4 and C4 were not legal in (d). Measurements in the field events may be made with any non-stretchable tape, such as fiber glass, nylon or stiff rubber. Each legal jump in both the running long jump and triple jump shall be measured perpendicularly to the scratch line or its extension and from that point on the ground in the pit touched by the person or apparel of the jumper which is nearest the scratch line or its extension. The judges will hold the tape so that the reading will be made at the take-off board or the scratch line extended so the contestant will immediately know the result of his effort.

21. Situation: During the 120 yard high hurdles race, A1 loses his balance in going over the second hurdle and takes two consecutive steps on his lane line before he gets back into his own lane. His action: (a) does not hinder B1; (b) slightly hinders C1; or (c) forces B1 to vary his stride, and as a consequence, B1 hits the third hurdle and stumbles.

Ruling: In (a), this does not disqualify A1, since he did not interfere with his opponents. However, in (b), it is unnecessary to disqualify A1, inasmuch as his action caused B1 to break his stride.

22. Situation: Runner A1 falls while approaching the finish line and crawls so that the upper part of his body is across the finish line. He does not touch nor break the yam, but he is the first to cross the line.

Ruling: The finish yam is used only for the purpose of aiding the judges, and the winner of any race is not decided upon its breakage. Runners shall be placed in the order in which any part of their bodies (torso, as distinguished from head, arms, feet, or hands) reaches the finish line. In the case of the fallen runner, it is not necessary that his entire body cross the finish line.

23. Situation: In a triangular meet, the games committee has announced that the race will be scored on a 5-3-2-1 basis. In the high jump, four boys are entered and only three competitors clear the bar at the first height. Are points awarded for four places?

Ruling: In this situation, only three places will be awarded, and the fourth place point will be disregarded. In order to earn points, a competitor must have cleared the first height in the event. The points will be awarded according to the four-place designation.

24. Situation: During the pole vault event, through which the contestants qualify for the state meet, A1 has clearly won the event. There is a four-way tie for second place between B1, C1, D1, and E1. The tie still remains after the application of 5-2-1 (c). Since the tie does not involve first place, 5-2-1 (d) is not applicable. If two contestants in each event are to advance to the state meet, how are they designated in this situation?

Ruling: There is no provision in the Track and Field Rules Book for determining qualification to a succeeding meet. The rules govern a single meet and/or its preliminaries. The games committee, or in this instance the state association, should announce or publish before the meet begins the procedure for determining competitors who qualify to advance to the next higher meet. It is recommended that places and points for all contestants be determined before any decision is made in regard to qualification. This is a matter to be determined by the state association involved.

25. Situation: In an invitational meet, six teams are entered and: (a) two teams withdraw from the relay race; or (b) there are only three entries in the mile relay. How is the race to be scored?

Ruling: In (a), all four teams entered in the race will receive points according to the manner in which they finish. The scoring will be 6-4-3-2. In (b), the three places will be scored 6-4-3. Even though there are only four teams competing in (a) and three teams in (b), the meet is neither a quadrangular nor a triangular. The number of places to be counted for the relays will be the same as the number counted for other events, in this case five. The place winners are awarded points according to the scoring table.

26. Situation: The 180 yard low hurdles are being run around one full turn with properly marked lanes. A1 hits the fourth hurdle and, in recovering, steps out of his lane and: (a) interferes with B1; or (b) runs around the fifth hurdle; or (c) does not hinder any runner. In any case, A1 is the first to cross the finish line and is hindered.

Ruling: In (a) and (b), A1 must be disqualified.
Whenever a runner interferes with an opponent, he shall be disqualified. In a hurdle race, a hurdler is required to attempt to jump all hurdles. If he fails to do so, he is disqualified. In (c), A1 is the winner, since his action in no way interfered with other competitors.

27. Situation: During competition in the javelin event, a throw by A1 "floats" and lands beyond the line indicating the meet record. The rear tip hits first and the javelin slides along the ground.

Ruling: This is a foul and constitutes a trial which is not measured. The tip of the metal point of the javelin must strike the ground first if it is to be a legal throw.

28. Situation: During the first heat of the preliminaries of the 120 yard hurdles, A1 stumbles and runs into the lane of B1, causing him to break his stride and hit a hurdle. As a result, B1 is the last to finish.

Ruling: The referee will permit B1 to run in a subsequent heat, if there is a vacant lane. It may be necessary to rearrange the remaining heats to provide B1 an opportunity to qualify.

29. Situation: During a relay race, A3 misjudges the approach of A2 and runs out of the exchange zone and: (a) receives the baton outside of the exchange zone; or (b) realizes his error and returns but is not completely in the zone, although the exchange is completed while the baton is within the exchange zone.

Ruling: Illegal in (a) but legal in (b). The baton must be passed within the zone. It is permissible for the runner to be outside the zone provided the exchange is completed while the baton is within the zone.

30. Situation: During the mile run: (a) the assistant coach of Team A positions himself in the stands along the backstretch and calls split lap times to his runners; or (b) B1 changes his pace so he prevents D1 from passing him and forces him to run to the outside; or (c) C1 and C2 pace themselves so they continue to run directly in front of and to the side of E1.

Ruling: The action is illegal in (a), (b), and (c). In (a), disqualify all runners from Team A. In (b), disqualify B1. In (c), both C1 and C2 shall be disqualified.

31. Situation: Near the finish line of the 880 yard run, A1 jostles B1 and crosses the finish line first. Both runners are 30 yards in advance of any other competitors. Does A1 qualify for second place?

Ruling: If A1 is disqualified, he cannot place in the competition regardless of how far he may have been in advance of the next finisher. If the referee did not disqualify him in this situation, A1 would be given first place.

32. Situation: In the mile relay, with the teams competing without assigned lanes, A1, running in lane 4, comes off the curve in second place. B1, in first place, is at the pole, and C1 and D1 are close behind in lanes 3 and 5 respectively. How should team members be placed to receive the baton?

Ruling: This would depend upon the distance between the first and fourth place runners and whether the gap is closing. If there is a possibility of congestion near the exchange zone, the teammate of B1 should be given lane 1; the teammate of C1, lane 3; the teammate of A1, lane 4; and the teammate of D1, lane 5. The placement of runners in lanes for exchanges when the relay is run without assigned lanes is done so that each competitor shall be placed in the same relative lane position as that of his incoming teammate. The exchange zone judge is authorized to place the outgoing runners in positions best suited to meeting the passer of the baton.

33. Situation: A1 and B1 both clear the high jump bar at 6'2" (a record for competition), but B1 is awarded first place based upon the total number of misses.

Ruling: Both A1 and B1 are given credit for the record. In field events, the contestants who tie for a record height or distance will both be recognized. The purpose of breaking the tie is to determine the distribution of points and places.

34. Situation: In a large invitational meet in a state which does not establish limits of participation, the meet director, in his preliminary bulletin, announces that: (a) boys may not enter or compete in a combina-

(Continued on Page Ten)
1969 Kentucky State High School Basketball Tournament Result

Tournament Officials

JOHN BROCK
Richmond
HARRY BURKE
Prestonsburg
BOBBY FLYNN
Lexington
BOB FOSTER
Somerset
JIM KING
Louisville
RUDY MOSER
Providence
WAYNE SMITH
Campbellsville
SHELBY WINFREY
Campbellsville

Central

CHAMPION

All-Tournament Team
William Averitt .... Hopkinsville
Randy Click ......... Maytown
Larry Gay ....... Clark County
Gordie Gahm ....... St. Xavier
Ron King ............... Central
Ray Kleykamp ......... Ashland
Otto Petty ............. Central
Gary Raymond .... Ohio County
Jim Simons ......... Shelby County
Patrick Tallent ....... Maytown
Everett Taylor .... Ohio County
Randy Watts ......... Madison

Harlan 66
Ashland 69
Franklin-Simpson 64
Shelby County 71
Ohio County 76
Bardstown 59
St. Xavier 69
Paducah Tilghman 60
Richmond Madison 60
Central 68
Hopkinsville 69
Hazard 67
Maytown 70
Monticello 65
Covington Catholic 62
Clark County 66

Ashland 81
Shelby County 80
Ohio County 77
St. Xavier 62
Central 79
Hopkinsville 51
Maytown 80
Central 86
Maytown 68
Clark County 74

Ohio County 60

Central 101
### Summary of All Shots Taken in State Tournament

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<td>18-11</td>
<td>57-19</td>
<td>0-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Shelby County</td>
<td>50-10</td>
<td>32-13</td>
<td>0-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Central</td>
<td>21-18</td>
<td>60-5</td>
<td>0-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Flying Dutchman

There are so many interesting highlights in the State Tournament and so many things to enjoy at the games besides the contests themselves, that it might be difficult for the average fan to point out the one thing he found most refreshing and enjoyable. Not so with the Dutchman who was in the same box with the Assistant Commissioner’s little nine-year-old daughter, Laura Jayne Mansfield. While the heat of action was at its height, little Laura Jayne turned to the Dutchman and said, “If I were an Indian, do you know what I would call you?” When I replied, “No,” this little girl said, “I would call you Chief Bald Eagle.” Her remark was occasioned by an exceptionally close haircut which had been given the Dutchman just prior to the tournament, as well as by the fact that much of his thick, curly hair has long since gone down the drain. But I accepted the title of Chief Bald Eagle. The next day on arriving at the sessions there was a Western Union message form for the Dutchman which had been sent by Laura Jayne, and read as follows:

“To: Charlie Wexter the Chief bald eagle!!!
Dear Bald Eagle I wish you would grow some hair. Then we would call you Chief Harry Eagle.”

Along with this could be observed many other interesting spectacles like the exhibitions put on by the cheerleaders, the arrival of the Governor of the State of Kentucky, the high spirits of the sportsmanship fans and the excellent officiating which generally prevailed. In the Kentucky High School Tournament you get more than the contests. You get a variety of color which is surpassed nowhere in the country.

When eight sessions of high caliber, spirited play is involved and there are only a few questionable calls, the Dutchman’s opinion has to be that the over-all officiating was good with only a few lapses which hurt nobody. So, in the Dutchman’s last year as Dean of Officials, he points with pride to the men who blew the whistles so well throughout the tournament.

Bowling out with the Dutchman is a basketball official who has gained wide respect across the Commonwealth of Kentucky. A letter has just arrived from Al Gustafson, who has long been a certified Kentucky High School Athletic Association official, announcing that he has closed out his last season of basketball officiating. Al says, “I value highly the lasting friendships I have made and it has been a pleasure for me to be a part of the basketball program conducted so well under the Kentucky High School Athletic Association.” To this the Dutchman can only say, “Ditto.”

The Louisville-Jefferson County Basketball Officials Association did it again for the Flying Dutchman when this group honored him at its annual banquet on March 31 for almost thirty years of service to the Basketball Officials of the Louisville-Jefferson County Metropolitan Area. When Ed Mudd and Earl Driskell made the presentation, a bit of nostalgia crept in because it was in 1945 with Ed playing on the State Championship Male High School team in the old armory that the Dutchman stood alongside him as he received his championship award. Now, the tables were turned and this young man who has become an outstanding leader in Jefferson County stood alongside the Dutchman as Ed and Earl presented him the plaque. All these things cause the cup to run over.

It was Earl Driskell who named the winner of the Dutchman’s award for this month. Earl requested this award be sent to Bob Tharp, Athletic Director of Ahrens Trade School in Louisville, for his unselfish service to the young men engaged in sports in Ahrens Trade School. Besides basketball, Bob and Earl have conducted many baseball clinics for the Metropolitan Parks Department over the years and have made their influence in the molding of character in boys and girls on the playgrounds. So, it is that the Dutchman applauds Bob Tharp and says that the Abou Ben Adhem Award has been mailed to Ahrens Trade High School in his honor—“May his tribe increase.”

As this column is being written a radio report carries the news of the burial of General Dwight D. Eisenhower. It was General Eisenhower, an ardent believer in sports as a developer of leaders, who said during the last big war, “Send me football players and I will give you real leaders.” This Ike did, and the Dutchman believes this should be passed on to athletic men everywhere, that the lessons taught in sports can well make the difference between success and failure in later life if they are continually applied. While thinking soberly of General Eisenhower, it is right that I pass on to you the following poem:

I'd rather have one little flower
Given by a friend
Than a casket covered with roses
When I've reached the journey's end.
I'd rather have a loving word
While I can hear it said
Than all the flattering words of praise
Heaped on me when I'm dead.
I'd rather have a kindly smile
From a heart that's kind and true
Than tears that fall like summer's rain
When I'm being penned adieu.
So if you have a flower to give
Please bring it to me today
While it can help to cheer me up
Don't wait until I'm going away.

This is the next to the last column which the Flying Dutchman will write for the Kentucky High School Athlete. The last column, which will appear in the May issue, will be dedicated to forty years of memories and the people who have made Kentucky's schoolboy sports great.

1969 Annual Meeting
(Continued from Page One)

Proposal VII

The Board of Control proposes that “March 1” be substituted for “March 20” in Article IX, Section 1 of the Constitution.

Proposal VIII

The Board of Control proposes that the first sentence of By-Law 22 be amended by adding “baseball.”

Proposal IX

Prin. Homer Jones (Wolfe County) and Prin. B. W. Rideout (Anderson County) propose that the following be substituted for By-Law 4: “A contestant becomes ineligible on his twentieth birthday.”

Proposal X

Prin. James A. Pursifull (Bell County), Prin. John-
1969 State Basketball Tournament Statistics

Total number of games included in this report: 15
Average score: For Winners 76.2; For Losers 66; for Both Teams 142.
Average total time from opening whistle to end of game 1 hour, 21 minutes.
Average number of personal fouls (fouls by A plus fouls by B) 35.6 per game.
Average number of times a player committed 5 personal fouls 1.1 per game.
Total number of free throw attempts resulting from Personal and Technical fouls during all games: 50.2; Successful throws: 62.8%.
Total number of overtime games: 1

AVERAGE NUMBER

PERSONAL FOULS
(a) Foul involving dribbler and guard: ----------------------------- 6.4 per game
(b) Times dribbler committed foul: ------------------------------- 1.8 per game
(c) Times 2 free throws were given unsuccessful thrower of field goal: 7. per game

INSUFFICIENT ACTION:
(d) Official warning: ---------------------------------------- 0 per game
(e) Technical fouls: ------------------------------------------ 0 per game

BASKET INTERFERENCE:
(f) Times per game there was basket interference or goal tending:
   At player's own basket ------------------------------------- .066 per game
   At opponent's basket ---------------------------------------- .4 per game

BALL RETURNED TO BACK COURT:
(g) Times ball was returned legally after jump at center -------- .13 per game
(h) Times returned ball resulted in violation ------------------ .13 per game

VIOLATIONS:
(i) 3-second lane ------------------------------------------- 1.4 per game
(j) Free throw lane ------------------------------------------ 0.26 per game

BALL ALIVE MISSED FREE THROW:
(k) Times ball remained alive after unsuccessful free throw: --- 9. per game
(l) Percent of times in (k) the free throw rebound was recovered by Defense: 76.4%

Proposal XI
Prin. Helen E. Reed (Model) proposes that the following be substituted for By-Law 9: "Any student who has graduated from or who is eligible to graduate from a four-year secondary school, or who has ever played on a college team, is thereafter ineligible to play on a high school team. Any team composed of secondary school players and college players shall be considered a college team."

Proposal XII
Prin. Helen E. Reed (Model) proposes that "high school" be substituted for "institution of learning" in By-Law 5-5.

Minutes of Board Meeting
(Continued from Page Two)
that the changes in the football regulations, recommended by the Football Playoffs Committee, be accepted and made a part of the football regulations. The motion was carried unanimously.

Don Davis reported on the results of the questionnaire sent to member schools of the Association sponsoring classes A and AA football teams, relative to a possible change in the site selection plan for semi-final and final football playoff games. He stated that 121 questionnaires had been returned, and that the majority of principals representing schools in each of the two football classes favored no change in the present plan of site selection. He stated that his committee had no recommendation at this time for a change in the site selection plan. All members of the Board agreed that there should be no change at this time in the present site selection plan.

Don Davis moved, seconded by Ralph C. Dorsey, that the words "regional" and "region" be deleted in the third paragraph of K.H.S.A.A Basketball Rule V-A. The motion was carried unanimously.

Don R. Rawlings moved, seconded by Morton Combs, that the following changes be made in K.H.S.A.A. Bas-
Track Questions
(Continued from Page Five)

3. Situation: During competition in the long jump, A1 jumps 21'1" on his first trial and then passes his second and third attempts. The three trials of competitor B1 result in jumps of 20'9", 19'8", and 21'4".

Ruling: B1 is awarded first place in the competition. Whenever there are ties in events where the winner is determined by distance, the competitor with the better performance in the other trials shall be considered the winner. In this situation, since A1 had no other trials, B1 must be considered to have won the event.

36. Situation: During the approach for the pole vault, (a) the pole passes under the crossbar but does not touch the ground or pit beyond the stopboard and no part of the vaulter's body passes under the crossbar or beyond the stopboard; or (b) the vaulter places his pole in the planting pit but does not leave the ground.

Ruling: There has been no trial in either (a) or (b).

37. Situation: At the start of the 220 yard dash: (a) A1 does not assume his final starting position until slightly after the command "set"; or (b) B1 is in motion after the command "set"; or (c) C1 leaves his mark with his hand just before the pistol is fired.

Ruling: False start in (a), (b), and (c). The runner in each situation will be warned if this is the first infraction and disqualified if it is the second.

Baseball Questions

EDITOR’S NOTE: These interpretations of the 1969 National Alliance Baseball Rules do not set aside nor modify any rule. The rulings are made and published by the National Federation of State High School Athletic Associations in response to situations presented.

Clifford B. Fagan

1. Play: F3 is holding R1 close to 1st base and is straddling the 1st base foul line with his right foot in fair territory and the rest of his body, including his left foot, on foul ground. F1 delivers the ball to the batter.

Ruling: It is perfectly legal for F3 to take such position. Article 1 of Rule 1, Section 1, provides, "At the time of the pitch, all fielders shall be on fair ground except the catcher who shall be in the catcher’s box." F3 has met the provisions of the restriction since the article does not provide that all fielders, except the catcher, shall be entirely on fair ground.

2. Play: On throw from F1 to 1st base, F3 completes the play off 1st base with his body and leg so that R1 is tagged out by F3 with the ball. R1 would have made it back to 1st base safely if F3 had not blocked him from getting to the base.

Ruling: F3 is guilty of committing obstruction. Award R1 2nd base.

3. Play: R1 is on 2nd base. B2 hits a long fly ball which is caught by F3 for first out. B1 takes up at 2nd after the catch and is able to reach home base. There are no errors involved. How is this scored?

Ruling: The above play situation is not scored as a sacrifice hit. It counts as a time at bat for B2 but he is credited with a run batted in. (See Rule 2-8-4 and Rule 9-4-1.)

4. Play: B1 in 1st half of the 1st inning hits an inside the park home run. None of the defensive players note that B1 missed 2nd base in his circuit of the bases. However, a spectator calls the attention of the defensive coach to the infraction. Defensive coach then instructs F4 to obtain the ball and appeal the missed 2nd base to the base umpire prior to the time of the next pitch.

Ruling: The umpire has no choice other than to uphold the appeal when F4 properly makes it.

5. Play: R1 is on 3rd base and there is one out when B3 hits a high foul fly which F5 catches in the field of play and his momentum subsequently carries him past a painted chalk line or a pre-game determined imaginary line into a dead ball area.

Ruling: This is ruled a catch. As soon as F5 steps into the dead ball area, the ball becomes dead immediately. In accordance with Rule 8-3-4(d), each base runner is awarded one base. In this situation, R1 would be awarded home base.

6. Play: R1 is on 2nd and R2 on 1st when B3 bunts ball between home, 3rd and the pitcher’s plate. F1 recovers the ball and elects to throw to F5 in an attempt to force R1, however, his throw is too late and all three runners are safe.

Ruling: When a fielder attempts to put out a preceding runner (R1 or R2 in this case), and is not successful, although there is no fielding error and the official scorer believes the batter-runner (B3 in this case) would have reached 1st base even with perfect fielding by F1, a base hit is credited to the batter (B3). If the official scorer, however, felt that perfect fielding and a throw to 1st base would have retired the batter-runner (B3) had the throw been to 1st base, the scorer would score this a fielder’s choice.

7. Play: B1 hits a line drive between 3rd base and F5. F5 attempts to spear the ball backhand, which ricochets off the end of his glove. The batted ball, when touched by F5, is over fair ground, therefore, it is a fair ball. Is the play scored a base hit for B1?

Ruling: Most official scorers would score this action as a base hit for B1, however, if the line drive is a soft liner (one which is hit on the small part of the bat near the batter’s hands and goes slowly enough to permit the fielder to properly station himself in front of it and handle it easily since it was not hit hard), it could be scored as an error on F5. The scoring of all line drives which are touched in flight by a fielder and not caught are situations which frequently give the official scorer difficulty in making decisions as to whether the batted ball is scored a hit or an error.

8. Play: B1 hits ground ball which rolls along the 3rd baseline and touches both outside and inside the line. Ball bounces directly over 3rd or touches 3rd. It alights on foul or fair ground.

Ruling: Fair ball.

9. Play: R1 is on 1st when B2 bunts ball on fair ground toward 1st base. Both F1 and F3 charge the ball. F1 picks it up, momentarily drops it, but recovers the ball in time to throw out the runner, except F4 fails to cover 1st base and B2 advances safely to 1st.

Ruling: This should be scored as a base hit for B2.
There is no way to record in the official score book that a player (F4 in this case) commits a mental error. Thus, the action is scored as a base hit for B2.

10. Play: B1 hits a fair line drive over head of F5, who jumps high attempting to field the ball. As he jumps upward, his glove accidentally dislodges from his hand and touches the ball. B5 retrieves the glove off. The ball and glove fall to the ground a few feet behind F5 who retrieves ball and throws ball to F3 at 1st before B1 reaches there.

Ruling: B1 is out. In such cases there is no penalty. Had the umpire decided F5 deliberately threw the glove, B1 would have been entitled to 3rd base.

11. Play: For an act by the pitcher to qualify as a feint must the arms or hands be involved?

Ruling: No. Stepping off the pitcher’s plate with the non-pivot foot directly toward occupied 2nd or 3rd base without throwing the ball constitutes a feint.

12. Play: F1 has the ball in his possession and is on the pitcher’s plate with ball in both hands in front of his body. R1 on third leads off. F1 steps directly toward 3rd with his non-pivot foot and without throwing the ball, runs toward 3rd in an attempt to put out or drive back R1.

Ruling: Legal.

13. Play: R1 is on 3rd base when he attempts to break for home. The pitcher legally steps back off the pitcher’s plate with his pivot foot to become an infielder and throws the ball toward home. Unintentionally, B2, who attempts to get out of the way, is struck by the thrown ball which drops to the ground near home base.

Ruling: In this situation the ball remains alive and all runners may advance at their own jeopardy.

14. Play: R1, who is on 1st, steals 2nd during pitch. While on route his head protector falls off.

Ruling: In such situations, umpire must decide whether losing of head protector was done intentionally. If it was unintentional, then there should be no penalty. On the other hand, if the umpire feels that the player deliberately knocked his helmet off or the action was due to indifference or carelessness, he should penalize the infraction.

15. Play: During the 1st inning, the coach of the team in the field requests and is granted time to confer with F1. Shortly thereafter F6 collides with F7, who is in position and the coach or the team attendant comes onto the field to examine the injured player.

Ruling: The second conference is not charged. It is justified by an obviously incapacitated player.

16. Play: With R1 on 2nd and R2 on 1st, umpire calls “time” and R2 steals 2nd. R1 comes down near pitching mound. F1 gets the ball in his hands but intentionally drops it. He then throws to 3rd, where F5 steps on 3rd and throws to F4 at 2nd. F4 tags R2.

Ruling: Both runners could have held their bases. They advanced at their own risk. R2 is out. R1 is not out since he was not tagged and the force was removed as soon as the umpire announced an “infield fly.” Had the infield fly rule not caused B3 to be out, the intentional dropping of the ball would have been. When a fielder intentionally drops a fly fair or a fair line drive, any runner may advance at his own risk without retouching his base.

17. Play: In the last half of the last inning, R1 scores the winning run and the infielders leave the diamond. One player then returns and holds the ball while touching the bases. R1 failed to touch 3rd. Should the appeal be honored?

Ruling: The fielding team conceded the loss of the game when its infielders left the diamond. Unless an immediate appeal is made, the umpire should declare the game ended before the appeal action is initiated.

18. Play: With score tied in 1st half of 5th inning, bases are loaded and fair hit by B4 goes over the fence in flight. B4 or another runner fails to circle the bases or all of them move around the bases paths but one of the bases is not touched.

Ruling: Umpire should insist that all runners move around the bases. The incidental missing of a base should be ignored, since ball was dead.

19. Play: With R1 on 2nd and R2 on 1st, F3 requests “time.” F4 has ball when request is granted. When play is about to be resumed, F1, who has retained ball, tags R1 off 2nd.

Ruling: R1 is not out. Ball remains dead until held by the pitcher on his plate and umpire calls “Play ball.”

20. Play: With none on base, 3rd strike pitch to B1 is dropped by catcher and gets between his body and protector. While F2 hunts for ball, B1 continues to walk.

Ruling: Batter is entitled to run toward 1st since 3rd strike was not legally caught. Umpire should call “time” and signal dead ball after B1 reaches first and it is clear that ball is wedged or lost in legal equipment.

21. Play: R1 is on 2nd. The count on B2 is ball 3 and strike 2. F1 pitches an intentional 4th ball to B2. At the time of the pitch, F2 does not have both feet in the catcher’s box. B2 strikes at and misses the pitch.

Ruling: This is a balk committed by the pitcher for pitching while F2 is not in the catcher’s box. In this situation, the pitch is disregarded and R1 is awarded 3rd. B2 is still at bat and the count remains 3 balls 3 strikes.

1969 BASEBALL PUBLICATION CORRECTION CASE BOOK:
Page 13-61. Play Ruling—In situations (a) and (c), the conference is charged. In situation (b) the conference is charged. Delete the Comment.

Supplementary List of Registered Baseball Officials
(List Compiled April 1)

If one telephone number is given for an official listed, it is the home phone unless otherwise designated. If two numbers are given, the first number is that of the home phone.

Atchison, Jim, 1 Race St., Dry Ridge, 824-5877, 823-5911
Ayer, Edward L., 625 Larramee Drive, Lexington
Bair, Ray M., 334-4974
Barnes, Karl, P. O. Box 11, Norhternn
Bottoms, Robert Bruce, Route 1, Macksville, 626-5558, 336-3178
Bomse, Robert M., 652 Boone Trail, Danville, 323-2192, 323-2192
Brangrner, Larry, P. O. Box 554, Elizabethtown, 765-6528, 4-5946
Brannham, Mason, Jr., 497 Thistleway Apt., Frankfort, 564-3093
(sus.)

Brannteler, Charles Elwood, 115 Kathleen Ave., Horse Cave, 765-2932, 524-5211
Brock, Johnnie C., Jason, 227-3792
Brooks, Michael, 115 Liberty St., Hopkinsville, 885-5128
Brown, John W., 975 Waverly, Lexington, 232-0504, 232-3212
Burgess, Richard N., P. O. Box 452, Bardwell, 623-3527, 654-5411
Callahan, Gary, 461 Skyline Park Drive, Hopkinsville
Cappell, William F., 822 Perry St., Covington, 431-9232, 4-5978
Clarby, Barry D., Route 2, Box 188c, Greenville, 338-3519, 335-3086
Claypool, Thomas W., Route 2, Owensboro, 634-8179, 684-5235
Cobb, Charles E., P. O. Box 393, Smithfield, 928-7212
Cooper, Willis V., 3296 Madison, Paducah, 443-3191, 443-7151
Crago, Bobby F., University Breckinridge, Morehead, 784-4582, 784-4181, ext. 222
Daldeno, Gilbert, Clinton, 663-4797
Daugherty, Roger, 215 E. McLaughlin, Madisonville, T 1-6676
Davis, Morgan, 9261 Mitchell Lane, Valley Station, 505-4490
Delk, William L., 614 Church St., Ludow, 361-5571, 361-618
Dunn, Chesley, Route 4, Hopkinsville
Farriss, Ruben L., Cove St., Owensville, 674-2862, 674-2811
Feek, Richard A., 316 Northside Drive, Lexington, 259-9076
Flynn, Joseph Lloyd, P. O. Box 156, Frankfort, 227-2688, Lex-
The generally good appearance and conduct of the students speak well for our schools and parents.

This event certainly is a high spot of the year in our State and this is no accident. We should all be grateful to the Commissioners, staff, Board of Control and the many volunteer helpers who combine their talents and efforts to make this the number one Tournament in the Country.

The 362 member schools of the K.H.S.A.A., their principals, coaches, players and student bodies have a right to be proud of what they stand for and are accomplishing.

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Wonder if any other State Tournament is as thoroughly scouted for talent? Or has as many loyal supporters? Or stirs up more enthusiasm? Or has more vivacious cheerleaders or better bands?

In a word—we're thankful for Tournament Time.

---

The State Tournament—Some Random Observations

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