FOOTBALL DISTRICTS AND REGIONS

The Board of Control of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association set the football districts and regions for 1987 through 1990 as follows:

CLASS A (0 - 424)

REGION I
District 1 — Ballard Memorial, Crittenden County, Fulton, Fulton County, Heath, Murray
District 2 — Caverna, Greenville, Metcalfe County, Russellville, South Hopkins, Trigg County

REGION II
District 1 — Campbellsville, Eminence, Frankfort, Garrard County, Harrodsburg, Henry County, Kentucky Country Day
District 2 — Bath County, Berea, Madison, Millersburg Military Inst., Nicholas County, Paris

REGION III
District 1 — Beechwood, Bellevue, Carroll County, Dayton, Ludlow, Owen County
District 2 — Allen Central, Fairview, Hazard, Paintsville, Raceland, Wheelwright

REGION IV
District 1 — Cumberland, Evarts, Harlan, Lynn Camp, Pineville, Williamsburg
District 2 — Elkhorn City, Fleming-Neon, Jenkins, Johns Creek, Phelps, Pikeville, Virgie

CLASS AA (425 - 614)

REGION I
District 1 — Caldwell County, Fort Campbell, Mayfield, Reidland, Webster County
District 2 — Breckinridge County, Butler County, Edmonson County, Hancock County, Logan County, McLean County, Todd Central

REGION II
District 1 — Adair County, Allen County-Scottsville, Glasgow, Green County, Hart County, Monroe County, Taylor County
District 2 — Bardstown, Bullitt East, Elizabethtown, Fort Knox, LaRue County, West Hardin

REGION III
District 1 — Anderson County, Bourbon County, Boyle County, Casey County, Danville, Mercer County, Washington County
District 2 — Fleming County, Harrison County, Lewis County, Mason County, Newport Central Catholic, West Carter

REGION IV
District 1 — Corbin, Middlesboro, Russell County, Somerset, Wayne County
District 2 — Betsy Layne, Leslie County, M.C. Napier, Morgan County, Prestonsburg, Whitesburg

CLASS AAA (615 - 925)

REGION I
District 1 — Calloway County, Graves County, Hopkinsville, Lone Oak, Paducah Tilghman, Union County
District 2 — Bowling Green, Franklin Simpson, Ohio County, Owensboro, Owensboro Catholic, Warren East

REGION II
District 1 — Barren County, East Hardin, Grayson County, Marion County, Meade County, Nelson County, North Bullitt
District 2 — Estill County, Franklin County, Jessamine County, Lincoln County, Scott County, Western Hills, Woodford County

REGION III
District 1 — Conner, Covington Catholic, Dixie Heights, Highlands, Lloyd Memorial, Newport, Scott, Simon-Kenton
District 2 — Bell County, Cawood, Knox Central, McCreary Central, Rockcastle County, Whitley County

REGION IV
District 1 — East Carter, Lawrence County, Montgomery County, Paul Blazer, Rowan County, Russell
District 2 — Bellfry, Breathitt County, Clay County, Johnson Central, Knott Central, Sheldon Clark

CLASSAAAA (926 - up)

REGION I
District 1 — Apollo, Christian County, Daviess County, Henderson County, Madisonville-North Hopkins, Marshall County
District 2 — Bullitt East, North Hardin, Oldham County, Shelby County, Warren Central

REGION II
District 1 — Butler, Holy Cross, Pleasure Ridge Park, Shawnee, Valley, Western
District 2 — Atherton, Fern Creek, Male, Manual, St. Xavier, Seneca

REGION III
District 1 — DeSales, Doss, Fairdale, Iroquois, Moore, Southern
District 2 — Ballard, Central, Eastern, Jeffersontown, Trinity, Waggener

REGION IV
District 1 — Bryan Station, George Rogers Clark, Henry Clay, Lafayette, Laurel County, Madison Central, Pulaski County, Tates Creek
District 2 — Boone County, Boyd County, Campbell County, Greenup County, Holmes

* Cover credit to Lexington Herald-Leader
Lady Liberty
Receiving Much-Needed Facelift

Restoration of the Statue of Liberty on Ellis Island in New York is under way and is expected to be completed by July 4, 1986 — the 100th anniversary of Lady Liberty.

A French legal scholar, Edouard de Laboulaye, is credited with originating the concept of constructing the Statue in 1865, but the project made little headway until the eventual sculptor, Frederic Auguste Bartholdi, got involved in 1871.

When the Statue was completed in 1886, Bartholdi pulled the string that unveiled the Statue and triggered a chorus of foghorns, fireworks and a 21-gun salute. The Statue was built in commemoration of the freedom that Americans enjoy in the United States.

The Statue has been a fixture in the hearts of Americans for the past century, but time has taken its toll on Lady Liberty. Restoration was begun last year to enable the Statue to be viewed by Americans for centuries to come.

Many activities are planned in 1986 leading up to the July 4 festivities. Included in those activities is the Kodak Liberty Ride Festival, a 100-city event that will combine a bike ride, entertainment, food and fun. Part of the proceeds from the event will benefit the National Federation and Individual State Association’s drug and alcohol education program. Every member school will have an opportunity to support this important event.

The February issue of the “Athlete” will contain more details of the Liberty Ride Festival.

1985-86 Certified and Approved Basketball Officials

A large number of K.H.S.A.A. registered officials have qualified for the advance ratings of Certified and Approved as a result of the National Federation Part II Examination. Only officials receiving these higher ratings are eligible to work in the district and regional tournaments. Only Certified officials are eligible to work in the state tournament.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROVED</th>
<th>CERTIFIED</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REGION 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. F. Behrendt</td>
<td>Preston Brewer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gary Elrod</td>
<td>Joseph DeRosa</td>
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<tr>
<td>James Mitchell</td>
<td>Steve Holt</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jim Mizell</td>
<td>Marvin Offutt</td>
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<tr>
<td>Larry Mullberry</td>
<td>Kent Dillingham</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stephen Woods</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| REGION 2 | |
| Gerard Hillyard | |
| Steve Holt | |
| Marvin Offutt | |

| REGION 3 | |
| Larry Oliver | |
| Joe Williams | |
| Wendel Wooton | |

| REGION 4 | |
| Mike Belcher | |
| Larry Fletcher | |
| Terry Haie | |
| Laura Petrie | |
| Jim Radford | |
| Mark Turner | |
| Robert Welch | |

| REGION 5 | |
| Michael Lusk | |
| David Lyons | |
| Corky Morse | |
| Andy Strain | |

| REGION 6 & 7 | |
| Randy Abbott | |
| Frank Abel | |
| Gary Conklin | |
| Daniel Cromer | |
| David Dykman | |
| Scott Elliott | |
| Al Gibson | |
| Joe Hamilton | |
| Chris Pavlik | |

| REGION 8 | |
| Billy Buckham | |
| Mike Gosnell | |
| Roger Graves | |
| Mike Herron | |
| David Knight | |
| Alan Matthews | |
| Lester Tindle | |
| James Wiley | |

| REGION 9 | |
| Jim Farmer | |
| Don Myers | |
| David Obel | |
| Roland Robison | |
| Roger Ryan | |
| Tom Sorrell | |
| Rick Trauth | |
| Troy Williams | |
| Mary Zalata | |

| REGION 10 & 11 | |
| Delbert Ault | |
| John Chamberlain | |
| Keith Clary | |
| Doug Bilips | |
| Glenn Brown | |
| Ron Harrod | |

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JANUARY, 1986

Published monthly, except June and July, by the Kentucky High School Athletic Association, Office of Publication, 560 E. Cooper Dr., P.O. Box 22280, Lexington, KY 40522.

Third class postage paid at Richmond, Kentucky. Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Section 1103, Act of October 3, 1917, authorized May 3, 1926. Publication No. 295086.

Please send notice of undelivered copies on form 3579 to: K.H.S.A.A., P.O. Box 22280, Lexington, Kentucky 40522.

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Johnny Reynolds .............................. Leightman Messer
Danny Soublo ................................... Keith Morgan

REGION 14 - No Changes

REGION 15

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Paul D. Scott ................................... Steve L. Mickey
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REGION 16

Brian Brumfield ................................. Banner Castle
Jerry Foley ....................................... Walter Maynard
Larry Newsome .................................. Bill Short
Darrell Smith .....................................

1986 BASEBALL CLINIC & SOFTBALL CLINIC SITES

1. Eldridge Rogers, Clinic Director
   Hopkinsville Community College
   Room 202 Student Center
   Feb. 23 — 2:00 p.m.

   SOFTBALL CLINIC
   Feb. 23 — 3:30 p.m.
   Hopkinsville Community College

2. Charles Joseph, Clinic Director
   Elizabethtown
   Elizabethtown High School
   March 10
   Athlete Material: All coaches should have their baseball schedules available for the Tri-State association.

3. Harry Stephenson, Clinic Directory
   Lexington
   Blue Grass Baseball Umpires Asso.
   Transy University
   Mitchell Fine Arts Building
   March 17 — 7:30 p.m.
   Also please be advised of the following meetings:
   March 3, 10 & 31
   April 7, 14 & 21
   May 5
   The time for each of these meetings is 7:30 p.m. at Transy University in the Mitchell Fine Arts building.

4. Mike Schaffer, Clinic Director
   Louisville
   Kentuckiana Baseball Umpires Asso.
   Durrett Education Center
   March 10 — 7:30 p.m.

5. Phil Barnard, Clinic Director
   London
   Laurel Co. High School
   March 17 — 7:00 p.m.

6. Chod Hobbs, Clinic Director
   Ashland
   Summitt Jr. High School
   March 16 — 2:00 p.m.

7. Jamie Washer, Clinic Director
   Mayfield
   Mayfield High School
   March 24 — 7:00 p.m.

8. Charles Adkins, Clinic Director
   Paintsville High School
   Paintsville
   April 1 — 7:00 p.m.

9. Dick Urlage, Clinic Director
Newport High School
Newport
March 16 — 2:00 p.m.

10. Phil Burkeen, Clinic Director
Bowling Green
Warren East High School
March 9 — 2:00 p.m.

11. Allen Feldhaus, Clinic Director
Maysville
Mason Co. High School
March 25 — 7:00 p.m.

12. Rick Nash, Clinic Director
Owensboro
Owensboro High School
March 24 - 7:00 p.m.

13. Denver Jones
Hazard
Hazard High School
March 24 - 7:00 p.m.

1986 WRESTLING INFORMATION

DISTRICT MANAGERS:
Northern Kentucky: Wayne Badida, Conner High School, Box 36, Hebron, Kentucky 41016.
Harrison County: Joe L. Judy, Athletic Director, Harrison County High School, Route 4, Cynthiana, Kentucky 41031.
Central Jefferson: Larry Mann, Kentucky School f/t Blind, 1867 Frankfort Street-Box 6005, Louisville, Kentucky 40206. TOURNAMENT SITE: TRINITY HIGH SCHOOL.
Fort Campbell: Marshall Patterson, Fort Campbell High School, Ohio Avenue & Falcon Loop, Fort Campbell, Kentucky 42223.
Frankfort: Raymond Webb, Frankfort High School, 328 Shelby Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.
East Jefferson: Chuck Anderson, Eastern High School, 12400 Old Shelbyville Road, Louisville, Kentucky 40243.
Hardin County: Jim Davis, West Hardin High School, Stephenburg, Kentucky 42781.

REGIONAL MANAGERS:
Trinity Region: Larry Mann, Kentucky School f/t Blind, 1867 Frankfort Street - Box 6005, Louisville, Kentucky 40206. TOURNAMENT SITE: TRINITY HIGH SCHOOL.

Frankfort Region: Raymond Webb, Frankfort High School, 328 Shelby Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.
Northern Kentucky Region: Mike Bankemper, Campbell County High School, 8000 Alexandria Pike, Alexandria, Kentucky 41001.
Western Kentucky Region: Jim Perrin, Christian County High School, Glass Avenue, Hopkinsville, Kentucky 42240.

SEMI-STATE MANAGERS:
Raymond Webb, Frankfort High School, 328 Shelby Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.
Louisville: Larry Mann, Kentucky School f/t Blind, 1867 Frankfort Street, Box 6005, Louisville, Kentucky 40206. TOURNAMENT SITE: TRINITY HIGH SCHOOL.

STATE FINALS MANAGERS:
Orville Williams, Manager, Seneca High School, 3510 Goldsmith Lane, Louisville, Kentucky 40220.
Jay Phillips, Ass’t Manager, Atherton High School, 3000 Dundee Road, Louisville, Kentucky 40205.
Larry Mann, Ass’t Manager, Kentucky School f/t Blind, 1867 Frankfort Street, Box 6005, Louisville, Kentucky 40206. TOURNAMENT SITE: ATHERTON HIGH SCHOOL, LOUISVILLE.

TOURNAMENTS

The State Wrestling Tournament will be held at Atherton High School, Louisville, on February 22, 1986. Orville Williams will manage the State Tournament.

The district and regional tournaments will be held on February 1 and 8 and the semi-state on February 15.

The region, district, name of the manager and the schools assigned to districts are listed below. If your school plans to enter a team and is not listed in any district, will you please contact this office or the district manager nearest you.

1985-86 Approved Wrestling Officials

Listed below are the officials who made 80% or more (on a supervised test) to become approved in Wrestling.

John Sarver
Chris Ryan
## NEW TRACK ALIGNMENT

### CLASS A

**REGION 1**
- Ballard Memorial
- Carlisle County
- Fulton
- Hickman County
- Livingston County
- Murray
- St. Mary

**REGION 2**
- Crittenden County
- Hancock County
- Lyon County
- Providence
- Russellville
- University Heights
- West Hopkins

**REGION 3**
- Augusta
- Bloomfield
- Bishop Brossart
- Carroll County
- Covington Latin
- Dayton
- Gallatin County
- Holy Cross
- Ludlow
- Owen County
- St. Henry
- Walton-Verona

**REGION 4**
- Bath County
- Frankfort
- Harrodsburg
- Ky. School/Deaf
- Millersburg Mil. Inst.
- Paris
- Sayre

**REGION 5**
- Bardstown
- Bethelhem
- Campbellsville
- Christian Academy
- Kentucky Cout. Day
- Portland Christian
- Spencer County

**REGION 6**
- Berea
- Garrard County
- Lee County
- Madison
- Model
- Monticello
- Oneida Baptist
- Pineville
- St. Camillus
- Williamsburg

### CLASS AA

**REGION 1**
- Allen County
- Barren County
- Butler County
- Edmonson County
- Franklin-Simpson
- Glasgow
- Hart County
- Logan County
- Monroe County
- Russell County
- Todd County
- Warren East

**REGION 2**
- Adair County
- Breckinridge County
- Butler East
- East Hardin
- Elizabeth Beach
- Fort Knox
- Green County
- LaRue County
- Taylor County
- Washington County
- West Hardin

**REGION 3**
- Boyle County
- Corbin
- Davenport
- Estill County
- Jackson County
- Somerset

---

### TRACK CLINICS

The dates for the Kentucky High School Athletic Association Track & Field Rules Clinics for coaches and officials are as follows:

- **Feb. 20**: St. Xavier High School
  - Louisville, 7:00 p.m.

- **March 24**: Tates Creek High School
  - Lexington, 7:00 p.m.

- **April 1**: Daviess Co. High School
  - Owensboro, 7:00 p.m.
Athletics Have Educational Values
By A.E. Bloch
to the "Illinois Interscholastic")

In my opinion it is long past time for the "Educational Establishment" to re-evaluate its position in regard to the entire spectrum of interscholastic athletics.

What educational purposes does athletics have in the secondary school? What are the educational values of interscholastic competition? What are the educational goals in having spectators at interscholastic contests? What are the responsibilities of the athletes? Furthermore, what are the responsibilities of the spectators, the coaches, and the administrators of the participating schools? I would like to deal with each of these areas.

What educational values does athletics have in the secondary school, and what are the purposes of competition? In my opinion there are many values, and the purpose is important.

Properly handled, athletics should teach the following values: teamwork, the uniting of effort to achieve a common goal; sacrificing oneself for the common good; optimum physical fitness; pride and graciousness in achievement; sportsmanship; acceptance of defeat without recrimination or loss of motivation; fellowship with others of similar goals; friendship and admiration for opponents; and others too numerous to mention.

Some may challenge schools by saying, "What's the sense of spending all that money for such frills?" or "What does playing games have to do with the 3 R's?" These short-sighted views are what causes Boards of Education to cut extracurricular activities first in a tight money situation.

Athletics and other extracurricular activities are a real-life competency test. Students learn to react in artificial stress situations to better handle real-life stress situations as adults. There are no other activities that prepare students, as well as these. The cost? Our entire extracurricular budget for a school of 1,800 students with over 50 percent of the student body participating at any one period (for a minimum expenditure of one-third the time they spend in class) comprises 4 percent of the total school budget. I'm sure there is not other comparable bargains found in or out of education, even at twice the cost. In addition, I am sure that many students have remained in school to proft from their regular class work largely because of their participation in extracurricular activities.

What are the educational goals in having spectators at interscholastic contests? Properly motivated, spectators enhance, for the participants, the values which are inherent in the activity. When others are watching, the effects on the individuals performing in the activity are heightened. Spectators also cause the individual to strive for greater results than when no spectators are present. Spectators can lend vocal and emotional support to the participants. The spectators themselves receive vicarious benefits from the activity: "The thrill of victory and the agony of defeat." Spectators can learn an appreciation for the skills involved in an activity and relate them to their own experience, past, present, or future.

What are the responsibilities of the athletes? Properly motivated, the participants; athletes, coaches, cheerleaders, and other support groups, have significant responsibilities. The athletes have been chosen in a competitive situation as representatives of their school, which increases these responsibilities.

First, they have a responsibility to represent their school in relations with other schools.

Second, they have the responsibility to represent the school in relation to itself and to the community.

Third, they have a responsibility to represent themselves as individuals. They must act in a way that will not bring discredit upon themselves, their school, or their community. This includes personal activities as well as group activities.

Certain assumptions of exemplary behavior are quite universally accepted as proper for a teenager. Breaking the law in any manner, using narcotics or alcohol or being under its influence, smoking, using foul language, or acting in any disrespectful manner are all examples of unacceptable behavior by any teenager and especially by a teenage athlete.

As avoidance of these activities may or may not have been inculcated into their behavior pattern prior to their being selected as a representative of a school, it becomes the school's responsibility to make them aware of society's expectations.

What are the responsibilities of the spectators? Properly motivated, spectators, too, have certain responsibilities inherent in their status. First, in an educational setting, spectators are present at the invitation of the schools. Whether an admission fee is charged or not, spectators, whether students or not, do not have a right to act any way they choose. Second, as with athletes, expectations of proper spectator behavior are quite universally accepted. Spectators are not to be disrespectful to their opponents or to the game officials. They should treat visitors to their school as they would treat a visitor to their home. They should act at another school as they would act when they are visitors at someone else's home.

What are the responsibilities of coaches? The role of the coach is unique and all-important. To the members of his team, he must be able to offer inspiration and sound judgment as well as teach skills and techniques. Unfortunately, the coach must be all things to all people, and frequently he falls short of these expectations. To the parents of the team members he is an incompetent if he or she doesn't play their child, or is a genius if their child is a regular payer. To the community he is a god if his team is consistently a winner and gets better each year, or a candidate for tar and feathers if he produces anything less.

In reality, the coach must be, for athletes, parents, and other spectators, an exemplary model in stressful situations. The coach's behavior, during a contest can cause a riot or calm a storm. The coach must be knowledgeable in the specialty at hand, must demand and receive respect from all concerned, must teach skills and techniques and inspire excellence in performance. The coach must make decisions involving team member's behavior in a fair and impartial manner regardless of the probably effects on the winning or losing of contests. If he falls short of any of these standards, its could have a negative effect on the values of these standards, it could have a negative effect on the values inherent in athletic programs.

What are the responsibilities of the administrators of the participating schools? The administration, in reality, has the ultimate responsibility for all aspects of the athletic program. We as administrators can try to blame the coaches, the parents, and the changing values of society for the many problems that crop up in relation to high school athletics. In reality, however, it all comes back to our not having the courage to control the operation of the program in a sound educational manner.

I don't agree that society's values are changing. It is our commitment to these values that is changing. I agree that some parts are not teaching values, some churches are losing their effectiveness, and many schools are saying it is not their job. Somebody had better step into the breach. Somebody had better begin standing for something. I think it should be we, the administrators. If athletics is a training ground for life situations, as I think it is, we had better start doing some training. We
THE KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETE FOR JANUARY, 1986

FOR YOUR INFORMATION
SWIMMING MEETS

The events for the State Swimming Meets will be the same as those listed in the K.H.S.A.A. Constitution and By-Laws. Swimming Regulations, on pages 54 & 55.

NOTE: There will be a cutoff time for the 500 Freestyle for the regional meets. Boys - 6 minutes, 30 seconds; Girls - 7 minutes.

The dates of the State Meet will be February 21 & 22, 1986. The site will be at Crescent Hill, in Louisville, Ky. Mr. David Webb will manage the meet. The girls and boys meets will be run together.

The schools are divided in the following regions.

LOUISVILLE REGION

WESTERN KENTUCKY REGION

CENTRAL KENTUCKY REGION

NORTHERN KENTUCKY REGION
Boys: Beechwood, Bellevue, Campbell County, Conner, Covington Catholic, Covington Latin, Dixie Heights, Highlands, Lloyd Memorial, Newport, Newport Central Catholic, Scott, Simon-Kenton.

STATE MEET TIME SCHEDULE

TIME SCHEDULE:

**Friday, February 21, 1986**
3:00 - 4:00 p.m. Open Diving Warmups
4:00 - 5:30 p.m. Boys Diving Warmups
5:30 p.m. Boys Diving Prelims and Finals
7:30 - 9:00 p.m. Girls Diving Warmups
9:00 p.m. Girls Diving Prelims and Finals

**Saturday, February 22, 1986**
7:30 - 8:00 p.m. Scratch Meeting
7:00 - 8:00 a.m. Open Warmups
8:00 - 8:45 a.m. (Northern and Louisville Regions)
8:45 - 9:30 a.m. (Western and Central Regions)
9:45 a.m. Swimming Preliminaries
4:30 - 5:30 p.m. Sprint and Pace Work
5:30 - 6:00 p.m. Finals in all swimming events
6:00 p.m. Open Warmups

QUALIFIERS: The top three (3) swimmers in each event, in each of the four (4) regional qualifying meets, and the next twelve (12), fastest swimmers from the state-at-large, (determined by times established in regional meets) will qualify for the State Meet. This enables the top twenty-four (24) swimmers and divers in the state to compete for the championship in each event.
CONGRATULATIONS TO K.H.S.A.A. SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS

The 1985 Sweet Sixteen State Basketball Tournaments marked the inception of the K.H.S.A.A. Academic Scholarship Awards based on a combination of athletic ability and achievement, and academic standing and success. The first winner, announced at the Girls State Tournament was Whitley County’s Tammy Golden.

Golden was a key player in the Lady Colonels’ drive to the championship as well as a proven performer in the classroom and in other outside activities. Tammy is now studying at Cumberland College in hometown Williamsburg. Her award was presented by K.H.S.A.A. Commissioner Tom Mills and for 1985 was provided by the Kentucky Education Foundation and Superintendent of Public Instruction Alice McDonald.

Mills also presented the Boys’ winner, senior Chip Nixon of the Metcalfe County Hornets, at the Sweet Sixteen Tournament in Lexington the next week. Nixon was instrumental in his team’s winning of a berth in the 1985 Sweet Sixteen as well as a thorough involvement in his highschool in many activities, and the respect of his peers as evidenced by his selection as Mr. Metcalfe County High. Nixon is currently a freshman at Centre College in Danville.

Nixon and Golden will be featured in the 1986 tournament program. The program and awards for 1986 are to be expanded even further as the K.H.S.A.A. continues to recognize the academic achievements of its athletic participants. Lexington Mayor Scotty Baesler has secured $6,000 in scholarships to be awarded to three participants in the boys tournament based on academic and athletic achievement in addition to the $44,000 to be awarded as scholarships to participants in the first annual Sweet Sixteen Academic Showcase, an academic competition which is already underway statewide and will culminate with the finals in many of the academic areas at the same time as the boys tournament.

OPEN DATES FOR FOOTBALL TEAMS

CONGRATULATIONS TO COACH JOAN MAZZARO, NOTRE DAME

Congratulations are in order for Coach Joan Mazzaro, of Notre Dame Academy, on her selection as the Region 3 Volleyball Coach of the Year as selected by the National High School Athletic Coaches Association. Coach Mazzaro was honored at a banquet this past summer in Denver.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MICHELLE O'BRYAN, SACRED HEART

The K.H.S.A.A. salutes Michelle O'Bryan from Sacred Heart Academy who was selected to the 1985 Prince Academic All American Tennis Team for girls. Michelle completed the 1984-85 school year with a grade point average of 3.9 while also excelling on the tennis court reaching the quarterfinals of the 1985 State Tennis Tournament. Michelle was one of ten players selected for this honor from among seniors throughout the country. The award is based on academic excellence as well as athletic achievement.

IMPORTANT DATES FOR 1986-87

The following are the starting dates for the K.H.S.A.A. sponsored events, along with the first day of practice.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sport</th>
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<th>First Contest</th>
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<td>Sept. 1</td>
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<td>Dec. 1</td>
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<td>Nov. 15</td>
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<td>Dec. 1</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Mar. 21/28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track</td>
<td>Dec. 1</td>
<td>Apr. 1</td>
<td>4-15</td>
<td>May 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Softball</td>
<td>Feb. 15</td>
<td>Apr. 1</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>May 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golf</td>
<td>Feb. 15</td>
<td>Apr. 1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>June 2/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis</td>
<td>Feb. 15</td>
<td>Apr. 1</td>
<td>4-20</td>
<td>June 4/5/6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseball</td>
<td>Feb. 15</td>
<td>Apr. 1</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>June 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These dates are corresponding to the 1985-86 calendar, and are current as per the 1985-86 Constitution and By-Laws. Dates for 1986-87 championships are tentative.

BLUE STATEMENT UPDATES - PLEASE RESPOND

In the next few days you will be receiving the first semi-annual Blue Statement update. This statement will show all pertinent information related to your school as it is on file with this office. Please take the time to correct and update this form so as to help with communications concerning all K.H.S.A.A. Rules and Activities.
CONGRATULATIONS TO JIM WATKINS, SOUTHERN HIGH SCHOOL

Congratulations to Jim Watkins, Athletic Director at Louisville Southern High School who was chosen as a recipient of the National Federation Citation for excellence in interscholastic athletics. Watkins has served as Southern's Athletic Director since 1974, is past President of the Kentucky High School Athletic Directors Association, and currently serves as that organization's Executive Secretary. He has assisted the K.H.S.A.A. as a manager in both the state football and basketball championships.

K.H.S.A.A. and U.K. CONDUCTING FOOTBALL INJURY STUDY

The Kentucky High School Athletic Association in conjunction with the University of Kentucky Athletic Training Department is currently conducting a football injury study. The objective is to determine the types, frequency, and the number of football related injuries and illnesses. Data will pertain to fractures, dental injuries, and injuries causing the athlete to miss a game or more than three days of practice, and heat related illness where practice or game time is lost. A comparison will be made between game and practice injuries.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL KHSAA OFFICIALS

Effective with this year, 1986, officials in baseball, basketball, football, soccer, softball, track, volleyball, and wrestling will be required to re-register between May 1, 1986 and June 30, 1986. New officials will still be permitted to register until the current deadlines. Registration forms will be mailed during April to all currently registered officials. If your address is not correct or you have had trouble receiving mailings, magazines, etc. from this office, you should contact Ms. Pruitt immediately to have her double check your address. Officials not re-registering during the May-June period will be assessed a $25.00 late charge in addition to the normal fees required. There will be no waivers from this policy or fee.

If you do not receive your re-registration form prior to June 1, you should contact this office immediately. Non-receipt of information will not be an acceptable reason for waiver of the late fee.

The new registration schedule is due in part to a new reciprocal agreement between the states adjacent to Kentucky in an effort to allow the ratings, years service, and other items, to transfer from one state to another.

The procedure to register in another state will be detailed next month in the Athlete. A special card will be provided by the Federation to indicate you multiple state registration and this should cut down on the fees that are now required by several individual states. If you have any questions, contact Executive Assistant Billy Wise at the office.
BELFRY FOOTBALL TEAMS EXCELS OFF THE FIELD

According to coach Philip Haywood, academic achievement is an integral part of the Belfry football program. This year, 40 members of the Belfry team made the honor roll. All told, 72 students involved with the program, including managers, stats, Pirettes, and cheerleaders), made the honor roll, which adds up to 18% of the entire school honor roll. Haywood feels this is proof positive that academics and athletics can and must work together.

RULES INTERPRETATION - BASKETBALL COACH EJECT FROM GAME

Does an ejected coach have to be reinstated before coaching again? "The answer is yes", according to Billy Wise, Executive Assistant Commissioner of the K.H.S.A.A. and the rules interpreter for basketball and football. According to Wise, coaches ejected from games are considered suspended due to a violation of By-Law 17, the Practice of Sportsmanship, and must therefore be reinstated by a member of the Commission. This rule applies to all sports sanctioned by the KHSAA. This means that if the varsity coach is ejected from the JV game, he may not coach the varsity team that night unless he has been reinstated by a member of the Commission. According to Wise, ejected coaches and players are to request reinstatement in writing in addition to any phone calls for reinstatement, and the ejecting officials should submit the ejection card to this office promptly.

BY-LAWS INTERPRETATION - LIMITATION OF SEASONS

One of the topics which has created considerable calls to this office for interpretation this year is the limitation of seasons as it pertains to basketball, and squad members participating in outside leagues, tournaments, etc. in addition to the high school program. No member of a high school team may have played prior to the season, or may play after the season, in a league, tournament or other event in that sport during the school year. This is considered as a practice and is a violation of By-Law 27, Limitation of Seasons, as it pertains to basketball. This rules has been waived for this year only, by the Board of Control, to allow 7th and 8th graders who played in a fall program to play also with the high school program. The waiver was granted only for this season.

NEW TRACK PUBLICATION TO BE PUBLISHED FOR COACHES, ETC.

This office has been notified that Inside Track will be published beginning this month and is available for high school coaches and other interested parties. This magazine, in newsletter form, is to be published 20 times per year. Questions and comments should be addressed to INSIDE TRACK, 2316 Chester Road, Birmingham, AL, 35223. Send inquiries to the attention of Mr. John Parks. Their phone number is (205)879-1889.
DISTRICT AND REGIONAL ALIGNMENTS
GIRLS' SLOW PITCH SOFTBALL
1986

REGION 1
District 3
Christian County
Fort Campbell
Hopkinsville
Trigg County
University Heights

District 4
Dawson Springs
Madison-N. Hop.
South Hopkins
West Hopkins
Providence
Union County
Webster Co.

REGION 2
District 7
Breckinridge County
Forcsaile
Hancock County
McLean County
St. Romuald
Trinity/Whitesville

REGION 3
District 10
East Hardin
Elizabethtown
Fort Knox
Meade County
North Hardin
West Hardin
Grayson Co.

District 11
Bardstown
Bethlehem
Green County
Marion County
Nelson County
Taylor County

REGION 4
District 14
Beth Haven
Doss
Fairdale
Valley

District 15
Evangel
Holy Rosary
Iroquois
Southern

REGION 5
District 18
Fern Creek
Jeffersontown
Moore
Walden

District 19
Ballard
Kentucky Country Day
Sacred Heart
Waggner
Eastern

REGION 6
District 22
Boone County
Conner
Dixie Heights
Lloyd Memorial
Simon-Kenton
Walton-Verona

REGION 7
District 25
Bishop Brossart
Campbell County
Highlands
Scott
Silver Grove

District 26
Bracken County
Deming
Mason County
Pendleton County

REGION 8
District 29
Burgin
Mercer County
Monticello
Wayne County

District 30
Belfry
Corbin
Everts
Middlesboro
Oneida Baptist
Red Bird
Whitley County
Laurel County

REGION 9
District 33
Ellen Central
Greenup Co.
McDowell
Morgan County
Sheldon Clark
Wheelwright

District 34
Belfry
Elkhorn City
Fords Creek
Phelps
Pikeville
advise the Boards of Education who set the policies. We employ the athletic directors, coaches, and sponsors. We have the overall responsibility for the programs.

We had better begin looking at our expectations of students, athletics, supervisors and coaches. We had better start paying attention to the little things we all tend to overlook. We had better begin standing up and being counted. If we do not, we don't deserve our jobs. If we do not, we deserve all the headaches and problems that will certainly follow. If we do not, we ought to resign from the Principalship because we certainly do not deserve the title of leaders or educators.

We administrators must reassess our programs. We dare not emulate those whose credo is: "Winning is the name of the game." "Our opponent is the enemy." "Good guys finish last." High school interscholastic athletic competition does have a great many values, for participants and spectators alike, as long as education is the goal. We must guarantee that education is the goal. There is another quotation, often attributed to the coach of the losing team, which says, "This year we are building character." We administrators had better be sure that our coaches are building character every year or replace them with someone who will. Building character is a role all educators must assume. If we do not, who will?

A.E. Blecke is principal of Antioch (III.) High School

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### NATIONAL FEDERATION OF STATE HIGH SCHOOL ASSOCIATIONS

**SUMMARY

1984-85 SPORTS PARTICIPATION SURVEY**

#### TEN MOST POPULAR BOYS SPORTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>Participants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Basketball</td>
<td>17,799</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Football</td>
<td>14,867</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Track &amp; Field (Outdoor)</td>
<td>14,566</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Baseball</td>
<td>14,041</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Cross Country</td>
<td>9,776</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Golf</td>
<td>9,178</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Tennis</td>
<td>8,766</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Wrestling</td>
<td>8,722</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Soccer</td>
<td>5,747</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Swimming &amp; Diving</td>
<td>3,844</td>
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#### TEN MOST POPULAR GIRLS SPORTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>Participants</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Basketball</td>
<td>17,047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Track &amp; Field (Outdoor)</td>
<td>13,923</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Volleyball</td>
<td>12,460</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Softball (Fast Pitch)</td>
<td>8,507</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Cross Country</td>
<td>8,458</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Tennis</td>
<td>8,382</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Swimming &amp; Diving</td>
<td>3,829</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Golf</td>
<td>3,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Soccer</td>
<td>3,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Gymnastics</td>
<td>2,159</td>
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</table>

#### SPORTS PARTICIPATION SURVEY TOTALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Boy Participants</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Girl Participants</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1971</td>
<td>3,666,917</td>
<td>1971</td>
<td>294,015</td>
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<tr>
<td>1972-73</td>
<td>3,770,621</td>
<td>1972-73</td>
<td>817,073</td>
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<tr>
<td>1973-74</td>
<td>4,070,125</td>
<td>1973-74</td>
<td>1,300,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975-76</td>
<td>4,109,021</td>
<td>1975-76</td>
<td>1,645,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977-78</td>
<td>4,367,442</td>
<td>1977-78</td>
<td>2,083,040</td>
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<td>1978-79</td>
<td>3,709,512</td>
<td>1978-79</td>
<td>1,854,400</td>
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<tr>
<td>1979-80</td>
<td>3,517,829</td>
<td>1979-80</td>
<td>1,750,264</td>
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<tr>
<td>1980-81</td>
<td>3,503,124</td>
<td>1980-81</td>
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<td>1981-82</td>
<td>3,409,061</td>
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<td>1,810,671</td>
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<td>1982-83</td>
<td>3,355,558</td>
<td>1982-83</td>
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<tr>
<td>1983-84</td>
<td>3,303,599</td>
<td>1983-84</td>
<td>1,747,346</td>
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<tr>
<td>1984-85</td>
<td>3,354,284</td>
<td>1984-85</td>
<td>1,757,884</td>
</tr>
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</table>
MINUTES OF THE BOARD MEETING

The Board of Control of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association met at the Executive Inn, Louisville, Kentucky, on Saturday morning, January 18, 1986. The meeting was called to order by President Pat Crawford at 9:00 a.m. Present were all Board members, Commissioner Tom Mills, Executive Assistant Billy Wise, Assistant Commissioners Bridg Devries and Louis Stout and Sports Information Director Julian Tackett. Mr. Lloyd Redman, representing the State Department of Education was also present. The invocation was given by Mr. Redman.

President Crawford advised the Board members that the Appeals Hearings and the Regular Meeting would be combined into one meeting. He then called on Mr. David Curtis, Attorney for Gabrielle Mitchell, to present the first appeal. Following Mr. Curtis' presentation and questions to him, Gabrielle and her father, they were excused and advised that Commissioner Mills would notify them of the Board's decision in the very near future. Tom Buchanan made a motion, seconded by Frank Welch, that By-Law 6, Transfer Rule, be waived in this case and that Gabrielle be allowed to participate in interscholastic athletics at Carlisle County High School. The motion carried unanimously.

The second appeal was presented by Owensboro High School Athletic Director Jack Hicks on behalf of Jeremy Coomes, a transfer from Daviess County High School. Jeremy had been ruled ineligible to participate in sports under By-Law 6, Transfer Rule. Executive Assistant Wise had investigated the case and presented his findings to the Board. Following a discussion by the Board with Mr. Hicks, Frank Welch moved that the Board uphold the decision of the Commissioner in this case and rule Jeremy ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at Owensboro High School for thirty-six school weeks. Chester Turner seconded the motion, which passed by a vote of nine in favor of the motion and one abstention (Grant Talbott).

Then came Ron Hunter on behalf of his son, Mike Hunter, a student at Holy Cross High School who had been ruled ineligible under By-Law 6, Transfer Rule. Because the fact that Mike had participated in athletics at Covington Catholic High School. Following Mr. Hunter's presentation and questions to him, the Board members, Grant Talbott made a motion, seconded by Ken Tippett, that the Board uphold the decision of the Commissioner in this case. The motion carried by a vote of nine in favor and one opposed.

The fourth appeal was presented by Principal Don Hines of Frankfort High School. The Commissioner had informed the school that due to the fact two ineligible players were permitted to participate in basketball, those games in which they were permitted to play must be forfeited to the opposing team under By-Law 24, Forfeits. Mr. Hines had requested to appear before the Board to appeal the decision of the Commissioner. Following Mr. Hines presentation and questions to him by the Board members, David Webb made a motion that the decision of the Commissioner be upheld in this case. Tony Zinger seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

There being no further appeals, President Crawford advised the Board that the Regular Meeting was now called to order.

Frank Welch made a motion that the minutes of the November 29, 1985, meeting be approved. Chester Turner seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

Frank Welch moved, seconded by Charlie Wilson, that the bills of the Association for the period December 1 through December 31 be approved. The motion carried unanimously.

Following a discussion of the date and site for the next meeting of the Board of Control, Ray Story made a motion that the site of the next meeting be in Bowling Green on Thursday, March 27, 1986, at 9:00 a.m. at the Greenwood Executive Inn.

Executive Assistant Wise reported that $292,108.00 in ticket sales had been received through this date for the Boys State Basketball Tournament. Advanced ticket sales for the Girls State Basketball Tournament had netted $6,116.00 both figures being ahead of last year's receipts at this time.

Football Committee Chairman Chester Turner presented the following proposal for the Board's approval.

A. Schools shall be required to play all other teams in their district to qualify for championship play.
B. The winner in District I shall play the runner-up in District II and vice versa.
C. Tournament play shall begin three (3) weekends prior to Thanksgiving Weekend. The finals in each class shall be played on Friday or Saturday following Thanksgiving.
D. 1. In all district play-off competition, the winning team in each district shall be designated as the home team. Should teams from the same district meet in the second round of the play-offs, the district winner will be designated as the home team. In all other cases, and in all subsequent play-off games except for the final round, the odd numbered district or region shall be designated as the home team in odd numbered years, and in even numbered years, the process will be reversed. No play-off game shall be scheduled or played on a date or time that requires loss of school time.
2. In all regional competition, the even numbered districts and regions shall set the site, date and starting time in even numbered years. In uneven numbered years the process will be reversed. The site, date and starting time of the final game in each class shall be determined by the Board of Control.
E. Finance distribution for tournament play shall be governed by Section IV. Finances under K.H.S.A.A. Rules and Regulations governing Football Championships.
F. A school, upon written application of the principal and approval of the Board of Control, may be permitted to move from a lower to a higher classification. Any school placed in a higher classification must remain in this classification until all districts are re-classified. Schools will not be permitted to change classification if the change requires a district to fall below five (5) or to exceed eight (8) in number. A school may not be permitted to move into a higher classification if the change requires the school to travel a greater distance than if it remained in its assigned district.
G. If at any time during the classification period (1987-1990) a school withdraws from play-off competition, it may not re-enter until the end of the classification period.
H. Should three or more teams tie for the championship or runner-up based upon the won/loss record, the championship and runner-up shall be determined by the following plan: If one of the three teams tied for the championship or runner-up has defeated the other two teams in a game contested between them, that team shall be declared the Champion or Runner-up. If the tie remains, each team tied for the championship/runner-up shall receive one point for each game won by any four of their defeated opponents (including district and non-district games) except...
the game played between the teams tied for the champion and each of their defeated opponents shall be omitted when calculating points to break the tie. If the tie remains after a team's highest points have been counted, an additional game will be counted until the tie is broken. All games played shall be counted in breaking a tie, including out-of-state games. If a tie results after the above plan has been applied, it shall be broken by the Board of Control.

Chester Turner made a motion that the above Football Proposal be accepted as presented. Frank Welch seconded the motion. The motion carried by a vote of seven in favor and three opposed. President Crawford commended the Football Committee for their untiring efforts in proposing the new football alignment.

(The new football alignment can be found on the inside front cover of this issue of the "Athlete").

President Crawford called on Commissioner Mills to present the proposals which he had received for presentation to the Delegate Assembly. Commissioner Mills briefly discussed the proposals he had received from the following schools or groups: Eastern Kentucky Valley Cooperation - changing girls basketball to a fall sport; Tates Creek High School - By-Law 27 as it relates to football; Monticello High School - in regard to the President of the Board of Control presiding at the Annual Meeting; Montgomery County High School - By-Law 27 as it relates to soccer. Oneida Baptist Institute - By-Law 21 as it relates to non-football playing schools.

A discussion ensued regarding the possibility of the transfer form being changed to allow more input from the principal when requesting a waiver of the transfer rule. Commissioner Mills informed the Board that he was considering asking other state associations to advise him of their procedure for handling transfer students.

Commissioner Mills presented a letter he had received from Jackson High School requesting to be moved from Basketball District 55 to District 56. Charlie Wilson moved that this request be tabled until the March 27 meeting. Tom Buchanan seconded the motion which carried unanimously.

Commissioner Mills discussed the possibility of Kentucky and Indiana Boys and Girls Basketball Championship Games to be sponsored jointly between the Kentucky High School Athletic Association and the Indiana High School Athletic Association and to be held in Kentucky at Rupp Arena on April 15, 1986. The games are tentatively scheduled for 1987 at Market Square Arena in Indianapolis. Proceeds from the games will go to the catastrophic and other insurance funds in each state, policies which cover participants in all activities sponsored by the two Associations.

Following a discussion of this joint proposal, Charlie Wilson made a motion, seconded by Chester Turner, that the Board sanction this event. The motion carried unanimously. Commissioner Mills advised the Board that ticket information would be forthcoming.

Commissioner Mills then advised the Board of the Academic Competition being sponsored by Mayor Scotty Baesler and the City of Lexington and held in conjunction with the Sweet 16 in March. He stated that 2300 students from 153 high schools would be competing. There will be three $2,000.00 scholarships awarded to individuals competing in the basketball tournament in addition to some $44,000.00 in scholarships to those competing in academic competition.

Commissioner Mills also announced plans for the Kodak Liberty Ride being sponsored jointly by Kodak, the National Federation, Walt Disney, and all State Associations. The bicycle rides will take place on May 18, 1986, all across America for the purpose of earning money for the restoration of the Statue of Liberty. One dollar of the entry fee will go to the National Federation to be used for the Chemical Awareness Program with each state association receiving $.75 of that dollar to be used for the same purpose. Further information will be available in the near future.

Executive Asst. Wise recommended to the Board that officials for the district and regional basketball tournaments be assigned in the same manner as for 1985—that being that officials will officiate within their region for the district basketball tournaments but will go outside their region for the regional tournament, except in instances where the Local Policy Board had requested otherwise. Ray Story moved, seconded by Frank Welch, that this recommendation be adopted. The motion carried unanimously.

Following a discussion of two automobiles to be purchased by the Association, David Webb moved, seconded by Tony Olinger, that the Board accept the bid presented by Bunt Gross Chevrolet-Oldsmobile Co. of Irvine. The motion carried unanimously.

Asst. Commissioner Stout announced to the Board that the Wrestling Tournaments would be as follows: District - February 1; Regional - February 8; Semi-State - February 15, State - February 22 at Atherton High School in Louisville.

Chester Turner made a motion, seconded by Charlie Wilson, that the Commissioner be empowered to grant each team that participated in the football playoffs $1,200.00 to help defray expenses. The motion carried unanimously.

Following a discussion of the possibility of basketball district tournament balloting resulting in a tie, Ken Tippett made a motion, seconded by Chester Turner, that in the event of a tie, the district site will be decided by the flip of a coin. The motion carried unanimously.

There being no further business, Frank Welch moved that the meeting be adjourned. Tom Buchanan seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

APPEALS HEARINGS

(Continued from December Athlete)

The next presentation was made by Brother Paul Seadler of St. Xavier High School on behalf of Darrell Beavers. Darrell's mother and stepfather were present at the hearing. Darrell had transferred from Marmion Academy in Illinois to St. Xavier High School and was declared ineligible by the Commissioner to participate in interscholastic athletics under the provisions of By-Law 6, Transfer Rule. Following Bro. Seadler's and Mr. and Mrs. Sallie comments, and questions to them by the Board members, Charlie Wilson made a motion that the Commissioner's decision be upheld in this case. Tom Buchanan seconded the motion which carried unanimously.

President Crawford then called on Mr. Bill Ritchie to present his appeal on behalf of his son, Brian. Mr. Ritchie had requested a waiver of By-Law 6, Transfer Rule. Following his presentation and questions by the Board members, Grant Talbott moved, seconded by Charlie Wilson, that the Commissioner's decision be upheld. The motion carried unanimously.

Then came Mr. and Mrs. Bob Ballinger, parents of Pamela who attends Waggener High School. Pamela had been declared ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics due to the fact that she had represented Central High School in first team games in basketball and tennis prior to transferring to Waggener High School. Following a lengthy discussion regarding the circumstances surrounding this case, David Webb made a motion that Pamela be reinstated and be allowed to participate in interscholastic athletics at Waggener High School. Frank Welch seconded the motion which carried unanimously. There being no further appeals, the meeting was adjourned.
SITUATION #16: Can loss of control occur during a dribble?
RULING: No. Loss of control ends a dribble. Therefore, if the player regains control a subsequent dribble is a violation and not part of the illegal dribble. (4-12)

SITUATION #17: How should the 2nd quarter be started if a contact foul occurs, (a) simultaneously with, or (b) clearly after, the end of the 1st quarter?
RULING: In (a) a contact foul is seldom, if ever, instantaneous with the ending of a period. The official is expected to decide whether it occurred before or after the expiration time. In case of doubt, it is administrated as part of the 1st quarter. In (b) the contact is ignored unless it is ruled intentional or flagrant or is a player control foul by an airborne shooter. If ignored the 2nd quarter starts with an alternating possession throw-in. If the contact is not ignored the technical foul is penalized to start the 2nd quarter of play. (4-15)

SITUATION #18: A1 is fouled in the act of shooting. The signal to end the 3rd quarter sounds while the unsuccessful shot is in the air. The coach of Team B is charged with a technical foul (a) prior to Play 1, first throw-in by B from the division line (4-15-3); (b) after the ball is dead following A1's second attempt. Team B has the alternating possession arrow for the 4th quarter throw-in. RULING: In (a) and (b) the technical foul will be attempted as part of the 3rd quarter and will be administered following A1's second attempt. In both cases Team B will be charged with a technical foul (a) prior to Play 1, first throw-in by B from the division line (4-15-3). (c) After the ball is dead following A1's second attempt, the technical foul will be penalized to begin the 4th quarter after A1's second attempt. Team A is given the ball for a throw-in at the division line. The possession arrow remains pointed to the direction of B's basket. (5-6-3)

SITUATION #19: Team A is entitled to the next throw-in under the alternating procedure. A1 has the ball out-of-bounds following a score by the opponents. A1 is unable to complete the throw-in within 5 seconds. RULING: Team B's ball as a result of the violation. However, the alternating possession arrow does not change since A1's violation did not occur when the possession was in Team A's hands. The only way the throw-in team can lose the arrow is if it commits a throw-in violation during and alternating possession throw-in. (9-3-3)

SITUATION #20: Team A, in possession of the ball, calls a time out. The ball is alive and the clock is running: (a) the coach of Team A stands up to attract the attention of A1 in order to give instructions; or (b) following an unusually line scoring effort by A1, the substitute substitutes spontaneously rise from the bench to cheer and then immediately return to their seats. RULING: In (a) it is a technical foul on the coach. In (b) the spontaneous substitution playing a member by a number of their team legal and is the intent of the rule. (10-4-1g; 10-5)

SITUATION #21: While the game is in progress, the coach of Team B rises to accommodate B6 to the table to make sure the substitute reports properly. RULING: This is a technical foul. The coach is not allowed to be off the bench for this purpose. (10-6)

SITUATION #22: A1 steps on the free throw line during a free throw attempt and B1 then dunks. RULING: The ball became dead when A1 violated. The disconcentration by B1 is ignored. Unless another attempt is to follow, the ball is awarded to Team A out-of-bounds at the free throw line extended. (6-3-8, 9-1-7 and Pen 9)

SITUATION #23: During a throw-in A1 and B1 simultaneously foul each other and before the clock starts again the Team A coach is charged with a technical foul. RULING: A1 and B1 have committed a double foul. The foul on the coach causes the entire situation to be a false double foul. Following the free throws for the technical foul, the ball is put into play at the point from which it was thrown by B (4-10-5a. 3b)

SITUATION #24: A1 catches the ball while both feet are off the floor. A1 lands on both feet simultaneously, then jumps and again touches the floor at the same spot. RULING: A violation when A1 touched the floor a second time with either foot. In this situation A1 is required to either pass or try for goal, otherwise A1 would have to be declared out of bounds, or A1 would be declared out of bounds. (4-25-2a; 3b)

SITUATION #25: The ball is out-of-bounds: (a) after being simultaneously touched by A1 and B1; or (b) and was last touched by A2 and B2 before it went out; or (c) and was tossed from a group of inbound players and one official

SITUATION #26: A1 is dribbling in the direction of A's basket. B1 is running to catch A1 and is approaching from the side. B1 is not in the same path as A1. A1 makes a quick lateral move and stops abruptly in B1's path. B1 is unable to stop and contact results. RULING: A player control foul on A1. Even though A1 has the ball, he or she is permitted to dribble a dead ball so quickly that B1 is unable to stop or change direction. (4-15-8; 10-6)

SITUATION #27: The throw-in by A1 strikes B1 who is inbounds. The ball rebounds from B1's chest. B1's arm is extended to establish the original throw-in. B1's extended arm is a technical foul which is penalized to start the 2nd quarter of play. (4-15)

SITUATION #28: Offensive pressure by B1 forces A1 to dribble. A1 then passes the ball against the leg of, (a) B2, or (b) an official. In each case, A1 receives the ball as a violation. RULING: In (a), the action is legal and A1 may dribble again. In (b), it is a violation when A1 touches the ball. When the ball touches an official, it is the same as when B1 handles the ball. If the ball is in bounds, A1 can dribble, but will stop when it touches the officials location. A1 actually dribbled a 2nd time when the ball was touched after rebounding off the official. (4-4-3b; 10-5b; 9-5)

SITUATION #29: Substitution. A1 is waiting for the ball to become dead and the clock to be stopped. Play continues for about two minutes without a substitution opportunity. The coach directs A6 to return to the bench. A6 informs the scorer to cancel the substitution. A violation occurs, should the scorer signal for the substitution? RULING: No. A6 is not required to enter since the substitution request was canceled. (3-3-)

SITUATION #30: A foul is assessed as a result of a foul. A1 is removed from the court and A6 reports and enters as the replacement. A6 is successful on both attempts. A7 reports to replace A6 after the ball is at A6's disposal for the 2nd attempt. RULING: A7 should be beckoned immediately after the 2nd successful attempt. (3-3-1; 6-2)

SITUATION #31: What is the difference between a double foul and a false double foul? RULING: A double foul involved two opponents committing personal fouls against each other at approximately the same time. A false double foul involves two or more violations. Thus, the 2nd foul may be committed up to the time the clock starts again after the original foul(s). At least one of the double foul ingredients must be absent in order for a situation to be a false double foul. The normal missing ingredient is either the "opponents fouling each other" or "at approximately the same time." Also in many situations one or both of the fouls are technical. Remember, after a double foul both free throws result, whereas each foul carries its own penalty after a false double foul. (4-15-3; 10-8 Pen. 5b)

SITUATION #32: On a jump ball, why does the ball become alive before the ball is tapped? RULING: Most jump ball violations occur after the ball leaves the officials hand(s). If the ball did not become alive until tapped, the violations would occur before the ball and would have to be treated differently than other violations. (6-1-1)

SITUATION #33: A1 is holding the ball after eluding the dribble in A1's backcourt. Team B's 1st forward is out. A1 passes the ball to: (a) against an official, or (b) against B's backcourt; or (c) against B1. A1 then recovers the ball. RULING: In (a) and (b) the foul is a violation. Throwing the ball against the official or the opponent's backcourt is the start of a dribble when A1 is first to touch the ball. In (c) the action is legal and A1 may dribble. (4-14-3; 25-2a; 3b)

SITUATION #34: Do guarding principles apply only to the defensive player and the player with the ball? RULING: No. The principles guarding a player with the ball apply equally to guarding a player without the ball, except when establishing initial guarding position on a moving opponent who does not have the ball. Once legal guarding position is established, the guard may shift and move to maintain that position. (10-6 and Comment on the Rules)
SITUATION #13: Two wrestlers in tournament competition are tied at the conclusion of a fall could match and also tied at the conclusion of the overtime match. In applying the overtime criteria 1 through 9 to the overtime and then applying it to the regular match there is still a winner. How do we determine the winner of this overtime match?

RULING: The referee and/or mat judges or assistant referee, if they are being used, shall determine which of the wrestlers is the winner by your actual stripped weight.

SITUATION #18: Wrestler A is attempting an escape when Wrestler B locks his hands around the waist of Wrestler A and pulls him back. Wrestler B immediately releases the locked hands and Wrestler A goes to escape. Wrestler B again locks his hands and pulls Wrestler A back. It is soon obvious that the escape cannot be made and the referee stops the escape. How should Wrestler A receive credit for his escape attempt? RULING: In this situation we clearly have two different circumstances where the hands of the offensive wrestler were locked in place during the escape attempt, therefore, Wrestler A would receive one point for each locked hands, for a total of 2 points.

SITUATION #15: Wrestler A is attempting to turn Wrestler B with a half nelson. Wrestler A has control of the neck and face of Wrestler B and the match is stopped. The shoulder is injured to the point that Wrestler B is unable to continue the match. Who would be declared the winner of the match? RULING: Wrestler B's injury is the result of a legal hold and therefore Wrestler A would not be penalized. Wrestler A would be declared the winner of the match by default.

SITUATION #16: In a dual meet during the 138-pound match, Wrestler A is warned then penalized for stalling in the first period. Wrestler B's hands twice in the second period. In the third period Wrestler A is called for stalling and then referee awards two points to his opponent. The match ends with Wrestler A losing by a score of 10 to 4. At the end of the dual meet, when signing the scoreboard, it is brought to the attention of the referee that Wrestler A should have been disqualified as it was his fourth penalty. The referee agrees and changes the score of 10 to 4 to a disqualification, which awards Wrestler B's team 6 points instead of 3. Is this procedure correct?

RULING: This would be considered a correctable error but the correction must take place prior to the start of a subsequent match in dual meet competition. After the completion of the dual meet the referee cannot go back and change the match score in the 138-pound weight class. In this situation the referee was in error.

SITUATION #17: In the 126-pound match at the beginning of the second period the wrong individual was given the choice. The individual chosen is in position and promptly pushed his opponent out of the ring in the first fifteen seconds of the second period. Is this a correctable error or would the fall count?

RULING: An error in choice at the beginning of the second period is correctable only at the beginning of the third period. If the wrong individual is given their choice at the beginning of the second period you simply reverse that situation at the beginning of the third period. In this situation the fall would count and the match would be concluded.

SITUATION #18: During the 185-pound match Wrestler A, who was losing by a score of 8 to 16, reversed his opponent putting him on his back with a legal head and arm. He met the criteria for a 3-point near fall. The near fall couldn't be counted, the headlock was illegal and the referee stopped the match. At this time the coach of Wrestler A becomes extremely upset and the referee penalizes him for unsportsmanlike conduct. Since the near fall had been counted the coach has been resumed the coach of Wrestler A again becomes extremely upset and is again penalized for unsportsmanlike conduct. At this point in time the results of the match be and what effect has the coach had on team score?

RULING: Wrestler A, who had eight points prior to the reversal, would be credited with two points for the reversal and two points for the near fall giving him a total of 13 points. His opponent would have 16 plus one point for the illegal hold when the match was first stopped. This would have one team point deducted because of the action of the coach on the first unsportsmanlike conduct call. The second time he commits an unsportsmanlike act the penalty is removed from the premises only and does not result in a team point deduction.

COMMENTS: The only way the team would be penalized the second time would be act if in fact, the action of the coach on the second occurrence was deemed as flagrant misconduct, and in that case, there would be a deduction of one team point along with the removal.

SITUATION #19: A wrestler weighs in for the 132-pound weight class but he has a scratch weight of only 125 pounds. What weight class is this individual eligible to compete in during a dual meet?

RULING: An individual that weighs 125 pounds is eligible to compete in the 126-pound weight class or one weight class up, the 132-pound weight class. Just because you weight in with the 132 pounds does not mean that you are a 132-pound contestant. Your weight class is determined by your actual stripped weight.

SITUATION #20: During the weight-in Team A weighs in two wrestlers at the 98-pound weight class with the idea of moving each wrestler up to the 106-pound weight class. Wrestler number 1 weighs 89 pounds and Wrestler number 2 weighs 95 pounds.

RULING: Team A can only move Wrestler number 2 up to the 105-pound weight class. Wrestler number 1 weighs 89 pounds, which is below the minimum weight for a 105-pound contestant. Any individual wishing to wrestle in the 105-pound weight class must weigh a minimum of 90 pounds.

SITUATION #21: In a tournament match using an assistant referee the assistant referee observes an illegal hold used by the offensive wrestler on his back. The assistant referee observes the time on the clock when this situation took place but it is approximately 10 more seconds before the referee stops the match. What is the correct ruling for this situation and do we have "bad time"?

RULING: As soon as the match is stopped the referee and assistant referee will meet and the time is added to the time on the clock. The clock would also be adjusted as this would be considered "bad time." If the referee does not agree with the assistant referee then there would be no penalty and the offensive wrestler would receive whatever back points he had earned.

SITUATION #22: Do the minimum and maximum weights described in Rule 4, Section 4, Article 2 vary as the growth allowance described in Article 4 is applied?

RULING: The minimum and maximum weights described in Article 2 have been established as standard weights and the growth allowance is not to be added to these minimum and maximum weights.

SITUATION #23: Wrestler A assumes the new optional offensive starting position. At the sound of the whistle Wrestler A releases Wrestler B and backs away three steps and then immediately comes forward and grabs Wrestler B in a control situation. Would this be considered as an escape followed by a takedown?

RULING: An escape can only be awarded when Wrestler B faces Wrestler A after Wrestler A backs up. We must allow time for either Wrestler B to turn around his opponent or Wrestler A to come around in front of Wrestler B. In this situation there would be no escape and obviously no takedown.

SITUATION #24: Wrestler A has Wrestler B in a pinning situation at the edge of the mat in the following situations: (a) Wrestler B has his head and shoulders in-bounds with his scapula and the rest of his body out-of-bounds; (b) Wrestler B has his left shoulder and scapula in-bounds and his right shoulder and scapula out-of-bounds; (c) Wrestler B has his scapula in-bounds with his shoulders and head out-of-bounds. In which of the following situations is it possible for Wrestler A to score a fall or near fall points?

RULING: The rules state that a fall or near fall can only be scored if both shoulders or both scapula of the defensive wrestler are in-bounds. Therefore in the above situations, a fall or near fall could be scored in (a) and (c) and in (b) no points or fall could be awarded.

SITUATION #25: Wrestler A is injured when Wrestler B applies a figure 4 body scissors and is unable to continue the match. Does Wrestler A win the match because of the technical violation against Wrestler B?

RULING: If Wrestler A is unable to continue the match he must default the match to Wrestler B. Technical violations are not treated the same as illegal holds. If an individual is injured through the use of an illegal hold an individual would have fifteen minutes recover time then he would be declared the winner; if however, an individual is injured through the use of a figure 4 body scissors, which is a technical violation, he cannot be awarded the match if he is unable to continue wrestling.
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